

Prophetic Books Hosea, Joel, Amos Review Questions

1. What are the 12 Minor Prophets?

Answer: Hosea, Joel, Amos, Obadiah, Jonah, Micah, Nahum, Habakkuk, Zephaniah, Haggai, Zechariah, Malachi

2. What two prophets prophesied during the building of the second temple?

Answer: Zechariah and Haggai

3. What book and chapter describes Christ ransoming people from the power of the grave?

Answer: Hosea 13

4. What book and chapter describes the Messiah as “the desire of nations”?

Answer: Haggai 2

5. What book and chapter describes the Messiah as “the Sun of righteousness”?

Answer: Malachi 4

6. What two minor prophets described Judah destroyed by Babylon?

Answer: Micah, Habbakúk

7. What book and chapter in the minor prophets says Israel will be dried up?

Answer: Hosea 13

8. What book and chapter in the minor prophets says Jerusalem will be plowed as a field?

Answer: Micah 3

9. What book and chapter in the minor prophets says Israel will be sifted but not destroyed?

Answer: Amos 9

10. What book and chapter in the minor prophets describes Israel repenting of rejecting Christ as follows: “they shall look upon me whom they have pierced, and they shall mourn for him”?

Answer: Zechariah 12

11. What book and chapter in the minor prophets says there will be one pure language in the millennial kingdom?

Answer: Zephaniah 3

12. What book and chapter in the minor prophets says “Jerusalem shall be safely inhabited”?

Answer: Zechariah 14

13. What book and chapter in the minor prophets says converted Israel will be blessed with the latter and former rains?

Answer: Hosea 6

Hosea

14. Hosea is a prophecy of God's _____ upon the northern tribes of Israel (Ho. 1-13) and the ultimate _____ of Israel (Ho. 14).

Answer: Judgment - restoration

15. Hosea began prophesying in the time of what king of Judah and ended in the time of what king?

Answer: Uzziah - Hezekiah

16. What prophet prophesied to Judah at the same time as Hosea prophesied to Israel?

Answer: Isaiah

17. What are the four major themes of Hosea?

Answer: (1) God's love for Israel. (2) God's call to repentance. (3) God's judgment. (4) God's restoration of Israel.

18. As a metaphor, the harlot Gomer signifies what and Hosea signifies what?

Answer: Israel - God

19. How many times do the words "adultery" and "whoredom" appear in Hosea?

Answer: 19

20. What do these terms teach us about God?

Answer: Man's sin is spiritual adultery against God; it hurts God.

21. What two terms are used in Hosea to describe repentance?

Answer: Turn - return

22. What theme is woven into every part of Hosea?

Answer: Salvation

23. What are the names of Gomer's children and the meanings of the names?

Answer: Jezreel - God will sow; Loruhamah - not pitied; Loammi - not my people

24. From Jericho, the valley of Achor is what direction?

Answer: north

25. What significant event occurred in the valley of Achor in ancient times?

Answer: Achan was judged for his sin.

26. What is the meaning of "Achor" and what is the valley of Achor called in prophecy?

Answer: Trouble - door of hope

27. What will converted Israel do there?

Answer: Sing

28. What is the meaning of “Ishi”?

Answer: Husband

29. What is the meaning of “Baal”?

Answer: Master

30. What is the meaning of “Baali”?

Answer: It is the plural of Baal.

31. In the millennial kingdom, God will make a covenant with what groups of animals for man’s sake?

Answer: Beasts, fowls, creeping things

32. What is the meaning that God will betroth Israel “in judgment”?

Answer: Israel’s judgment fell upon Christ so that God can ransom believing Israel.

33. What is the meaning of the following: “I will hear the heavens, and they shall hear the earth; And the earth shall hear the corn, and the wine, and the oil; and they shall hear Jezreel”?

Answer: God will bless the land of Israel and prosper the agriculture

34. In Hosea 3, how does Hosea’s purchase of Gomer depict salvation?

Answer: God has purchased sinners though they are entirely undeserving.

35. What verse says, “My people are destroyed for lack of knowledge”?

Answer: Hosea 4:6

36. What are the six lessons on repentance from the notes on Hosea 14:1-3?

Answer: (1) Repentance is to turn to the Lord. (2) Repentance is to acknowledge one’s iniquity. (3) Repentance is to take words to the Lord. (4) Repentance is to reject all false saviours. (5) Repentance is to trust in God’s grace. (6) Repentance is evidenced by a change of life.

37. The Hebrew words for olive tree refer to what?

Answer: Olive oil

38. The olive tree can bear fruit for how long?

Answer: 1,000 years or more

39. What is the Hebrew word translated “corn” and what is its meaning?

Answer: Dagan - cultivated grain

40. What does Hosea 14:5 mean when it says Israel will cast forth roots as Lebanon?

Answer: Israel will put down deep, permanent roots and never be uprooted.

Joel

41. Joel prophesied to what kingdom?

Answer: Judah

42. If the Bible does not give certain information, such as the date of a prophecy, what does this mean?

Answer: That information isn't important for the Bible believer to know.

43. In the day of the Lord, God will be _____ and man will be _____.

Answer: exalted - humbled

44. What does the term "at hand" mean?

Answer: Imminent; it can happen any time

45. How many times does Revelation say that the events described in that book are "at hand"?

Answer: two

46. The description of the day of the Lord in Joel 1-2 begins with what four words?

Answer: Alas for the day!

47. In what verse is the day of the Lord called "the time of Jacob's trouble"?

Answer: Jer. 30:7

48. What are four passages (book and chapter) that describe the day of the Lord as a day of great trouble such as the world has never seen?

Answer: Jer. 30; Da. 12; Joe. 2; Mt. 24

49. What is the meaning of "Armageddon"?

Answer: Hill of Megiddo

50. In what direction is this place from Jezreel?

Answer: west

51. Traditionally, what is the valley of Jehoshaphat?

Answer: Kidron Valley

52. What does God mean when He says to the pagan nations, "I will return your recompence upon your own head"?

Answer: He will judge them for their treatment of Israel.

53. In what verse does God promise Abraham, "I will bless them that bless thee, and curse him that curseth thee"?

Answer: Genesis 12:3

54. What are five nations and city states that have been so recompenced?

Answer: Assyria, Babylon, Ammon, Moab, Edom, Philistines, Tyre, Sidon

55. How was the UN Partition Plan contrary to God's Word?

Answer: God promised the entire land to Israel.

56. What prophecy (book, chapter, verse) is inscribed on a wall at the UN headquarters in New York City?

Answer: Isaiah 2:4

57. In what ways can the UN bring global peace?

Answer: No ways

58. What is a double fulfillment in prophecy?

Answer: This is a prophecy that has a near and a far fulfillment.

59. When Christ quoted Isaiah 61:1-2 in Nazareth, He stopped short of what words?

Answer: "the day of vengeance of our God"

60. Joel 2:32, "whosoever shall call on the name of the Lord shall be delivered," is quoted in what two verses in the New Testament?

Answer: Acts 2:21; Romans 10:13

Amos

61. Amos held what type of occupation?

Answer: Farmer

62. What was Amos' hometown?

Answer: Tekoa

63. This was what distance and what direction from Jerusalem?

Answer: 10 miles south

64. Amos' prophecies were directed mostly to what kingdom?

Answer: Israel's northern kingdom

65. What was the name of the priest of Bethel who warned Amos to stop prophesying?

Answer: Amaziah

66. What chapter in Amos prophesies a famine of hearing God's Words?

Answer: Amos 8

67. What are the two parts of the Talmud?

Answer: Mishnah - Gemara

68. What edition of the Talmud has the highest authority?

Answer: Babylonian Talmud

69. This edition of the Talmud was completed in about what year?

Answer: AD 500

70. According to rabbinical Judaism, what is the “second law” and the “third law”?

Answer: Mishnah (Talmud) - Kabbalah

71. What branch of Judaism practices Kabbalah?

Answer: Hasidic Judaism

72. Where is the most holy place of Kabbalah?

Answer: Mt. Meron

73. This place is in what direction from Tiberias?

Answer: north

74. Who was the founder of Kabbalah?

Answer: Shimon Bar Yochai

75. What prophecy of Amos describes the raising up of David’s fallen tabernacle?

Answer: Amos 9:11

76. When did the tabernacle of David fall?

Answer: 586 BC at the destruction of Jerusalem by the Babylonians

77. Who was the last king to sit on the throne of David?

Answer: Zedekiah

78. What son of David will raise up the fallen tabernacle?

Answer: Christ

79. In what book does Christ call Himself “he that hath the key of David”?

Answer: Revelation

80. What does Amos 9:12 mean when it refers to “all the heathen, which are called by my name”?

Answer: These are the heathen who will believe on Christ and be saved and enter His kingdom.

81. To whom does Amos 9:15 refer: “their land which I have given them, saith the LORD”?

Answer: Israel