

Prophetic Books Obadiah, Jonah, Micah, Nahum, Habakkuk Review Questions Answers

Obadiah

1. What is the theme of Obadiah?

Answer: God's judgment on His enemies and Israel's restoration

2. The judgment of Edom looks ahead to what?

Answer: God's judgment on all of Israel's enemies

3. What does Obadiah mean by saying Edom dwelt in "the clefts of the rock?"

Answer: This refers to Edom's capital Petra.

4. What were Edom's two chief sins?

Answer: Pride - hating Israel

5. What is the meaning of Obadiah 1:16, "and they shall be as though they had not been"?

Answer: Every rebel individual and nation will be destroyed out of Christ's kingdom

6. Restored Israel will possess Edom and Gilead. These territories are found in what nation today?

Answer: Jordan

7. Israel will possess Zarephath. This territory is found in what nation today?

Answer: Lebanon

Jonah

8. In what tribe was Jonah's home town located?

Answer: Zebulun

9. The director of the New English Bible called Jonah what?

Answer: A myth

10. Nineveh was founded by what man?

Answer: Asshur

11. In Jonah's day, the city was how many days' journey across?

Answer: Three

12. Nineveh was one of the capitals of what kingdom?

Answer: Assyrian

13. The gardens of the Assyrian kings were called what?

Answer: Paradise

14. Which Assyrian king described his magnificent gardens?

Answer: Assurnasirpal II

15. The library of what Assyrian king was excavated?

Answer: Ashurbanipal

16. How many tablets were found?

Answer: 25,000

17. The Assyrians were “an aggressive, _____ regime.”

Answer: murderously vindictive

18. What man was deified as Nineveh’s chief god?

Answer: Asshur

19. What are five elements of nature that God controlled for His purposes in Jonah?

Answer: Storm, fish, gourd, worm, east wind

20. What is the chief lesson of Jonah, according to Christ?

Answer: It is a sign of Christ’s death, burial, and resurrection.

Micah

21. Micah’s hometown was located in what direction from Lachish?

Answer: north toward Gath

22. What is the Shephelah?

Answer: A range of low hills running north-south between the Judean hills and the Philistine plain

23. Micah prophesied in the reigns of what three kings of Judah?

Answer: Jotham, Ahaz, Hezekiah

24. What two other prophets prophesied during these same reigns?

Answer: Isaiah and Hosea

25. Micah’s preaching influenced the revival in what king’s reign?

Answer: Hezekiah

26. What is the theme of Micah?

Answer: God’s judgment upon Israel and God’s restoration of Israel

27. What does Micah mean when he says to Jerusalem, “he hath laid siege against us”?

Answer: It is a prophecy of the Babylonian siege of 586 BC.

28. What does Micah mean by “they shall smite the judge of Israel with a rod upon the cheek”?

Answer: The Babylonians will capture Judah’s ruler.

29. What verse in Micah contains the prophecy of Christ’s birthplace?

Answer: Micah 5:2

30. What is the meaning of “he shall come forth unto me that is to be ruler of Israel”?

Answer: Christ came into the world at the Father’s bidding to accomplish the Father’s work, and He will be rule Israel.

31. Who is “the Assyrian” of Micah 5?

Answer: The Antichrist

32. What is another passage (book and chapter) that describes the Assyrian as this man?

Answer: Isaiah 14

Nahum

33. What city in ancient Israel was named after the prophet Nahum?

Answer: Capernaum

34. What is the theme of Nahum?

Answer: God’s judgment of Nineveh and the Assyrian Empire

35. This looks beyond ancient events to what kingdom?

Answer: The Antichrist’s

36. In what year was Nineveh conquered?

Answer: 612 BC

37. The city was conquered by a coalition of armies led by what man?

Answer: Nabopolassar

38. Nahum describes the details of Nineveh’s destruction. What are five of these details?

Answer: (1) A siege (2) A flood (3) Drunkenness (4) Fire (5) Chariots in the city streets (6) Multitude of corpses (7) Nineveh’s downfall is like figs falling from a tree (8) Nineveh is left utterly waste

39. When was Nineveh rebuilt after its destruction?

Answer: Never

40. By 400 BC, Nineveh had become “a thing of the _____.”

Answer: Past

41. What archaeologist discovered Nineveh?

Answer: Henry Layard

42. When did he arrive in that area?

Answer: 1841

43. He described the scene as “_____ meets _____.”

Answer: desolation - desolation

Habakkuk

44. What are five major things that can be known about Habakkuk by his prophecy?

Answer: (1) He was a prophet. (2) He knew the Lord personally. (3) He was a musician and singer. (4) He was passionate for God. (5) He was a man of faith.

45. What are the nine characteristics of Holy Scripture in Habakkuk 2?

Answer: Given to holy prophets; written; written in plain language; written to be obeyed; for a time appointed by God; speaks; will not lie; sure; for the humble

46. What is the theme of Habakkuk?

Answer: The just shall live by faith.

47. This is quoted in what three passages (book and chapter) of the New Testament?

Answer: Romans 1; Galatians 3; Hebrews 10

48. What was the difference between Zacharias' question to the angel and Mary's question?

Answer: Mary asked in belief; Zacharias asked in unbelief.

49. What passage (book and chapter) of the Bible says we must "ask in faith, nothing wavering"?

Answer: James 1

50. Why do we call Habakkuk "the prophet of the watchtower"?

Answer: He entered a watchtower to wait for God's answer to his prayer.

51. In what passage of Habakkuk does the prophet announce his faith in God in all circumstances?

Answer: Hab. 3:17-19

52. What are five reasons why Habakkuk could have such faith?

Answer: (1) He was redeemed. (2) He had knowledge of God's good character. (3) He had confidence in God's help. (4) He was confident that the future is in God's hand. (5) He was determined to exercise faith.