

1 Peter Intro and chapter 1 - Review Questions and Answers

1. In what town was Peter's house located?
Answer: Capernaum
2. What Gospel describes Peter's walk on the water?
Answer: Matthew
3. What is a great miracle that Peter performed near Joppa?
Answer: He raised Dorcas from the dead.
4. The name "Simon" means what?
Answer: Hearing
5. The name "Peter" is what language and means what?
Answer: Greek - A stone
6. The name "Cephas" is what language and means what?
Answer: Syriac or Aramaic - A stone
7. What is Peter's father's name?
Answer: Jona
8. Who was Peter's brother?
Answer: Andrew
9. Who were Peter's two fishing partners?
Answer: James and John
10. Pontus and Bithynia were what and bordered what sea to the north?
Answer: Roman provinces - Black Sea
11. The Roman province of Asia bordered what sea to the west?
Answer: Mediterranean
12. In what way do we see the New Testament assembly in 1 Peter?
Answer: Peter exhorts the elders in chapter 5
13. What is the theme of 1 Peter?
Answer: The believer's position as the elect of God and his life as a pilgrim in this present world
14. John Calvin wrote, "_____ is foreordained for some, and _____ for others ... every man ... is predestinated either to _____ or to _____."
Answer: Eternal life - eternal damnation - life - death
15. Calvin wrote this in what book?
Answer: Institutes of Christian Religion
16. Calvin believed in the _____ of baptism for salvation.
Answer: Efficacy

17. Calvin believed that repentance is “the _____ towards which they must _____ during the whole course of their lives.”

Answer: Goal - keep running

18. According to 1 Peter 1:2, what is the basis of election?

Answer: God's foreknowledge

19. What is another passage (book and chapter) that describes the same basis of election?

Answer: Romans 8

20. Calvin defined God's foreknowledge as _____.

Answer: Foreordination

21. In Acts 2:23, foreknowledge is distinguished from God's _____.

Answer: Determinate counsel

22. 2 Thessalonians 2:13-14 says God has chosen sinners to salvation through what means?

Answer: Through belief of the gospel

23. What are five verses that promise salvation to whosoever believes in Christ?

Answer: Mt. 11:28; Mr. 16:15-16; Joh. 3:15, 16, 18, 36; 5:24; 6:40; 11:26; 12:46; Ac. 10:43; 16:31; Ro. 1:16; 3:22, 26; 4:5; 9:33; 10:11, 13; 13:2; 1 Pe. 2:6; 1 Jo. 5:1, 13; Re. 22:17

24. If election is based on God's foreknowledge, which it plainly and emphatically is, then there is no contradiction between God's _____ and man's _____ as described in the _____ passages.

Answer: Election - choice - whosoever

25. What is the “sanctification of the Spirit”?

Answer: The sanctification of the Spirit is the Spirit's work in bringing sinner's to salvation: enlightening, convicting, drawing, calling to repentance and faith.

26. What verse says sinners are called by the gospel?

Answer: 2 Thessalonians 2:14

27. According to John 6:29, what is “the work of God” for salvation?

Answer: To believe in Christ

28. In what verse does Peter mention the Trinity in his first epistle?

Answer: 1 Peter 1:2

29. What are nine ways that Peter teaches the security of the believer?

Answer: He is elect; the sanctification of the Spirit; the blood of Christ; the multiplication of grace and peace; God's abundant mercy; a lively hope; the resurrection of Jesus Christ; an inheritance; kept by the power of God

30. How does election guarantee the security of the believer?

Answer: The believer has been the object of God's saving grace from eternity.

31. What are ten ways that we describe the believer's inheritance in Christ in the notes?

Answer: All spiritual blessings in Christ; Christ Himself; glorified with Christ in His millennial kingdom; to live in palaces; to live in glorified Jerusalem; to live in mansions in heaven; to rule with Christ; the resurrection body; pleasure forever at Christ's right hand; eternal joy; life in the New Jerusalem

32. What is the greatest part of this inheritance?
Answer: Christ
33. What is the meaning of “glory” in the sense of Christ ruling in His glory?
Answer: The splendor, beauty, wealth, and power of Christ’s kingdom
34. How did Peter witness Christ’s glory before the resurrection?
Answer: On the Mt. of Transfiguration
35. According to Hebrews 1, Psalm 45 is about what?
Answer: The Father contemplating the Son and His eternal kingdom
36. What prophet describes the millennial temple in great detail?
Answer: Ezekiel
37. What is heaven called in John 14:1-3?
Answer: The Father’s house
38. How does John 14:1-3 prove that the Rapture is before the Tribulation?
Answer: Christ said He would take the church-age believers to heaven
39. What prophet (book and chapter) describes the everlasting joy on the heads of the redeemed?
Answer: Isaiah 35
40. About how large is the New Jerusalem?
Answer: 1,300 miles cube
41. It is composed of what?
Answer: Gold like clear glass
42. How is the city lightened?
Answer: The glory of God
43. What are two evidences of election?
Answer: Faith; regeneration
44. How is my faith tried by God?
Answer: By being placed in a situation in which I cannot *see* God’s blessing and I cannot *feel* God’s blessing
45. Why is it necessary that faith be tested?
Answer: Testing is necessary to prove whether one’s faith is real, and it is necessary to purify the faith that is real.
46. What role does God’s delay have in trying faith?
Answer: It is necessary.
47. What are five ways of victory over heaviness in Peter’s epistle?
Answer: (1) The knowledge of my salvation (2) To know that I am kept by His power (3) To understand that the affliction is a trying of my faith (4) To keep my eyes on Christ’s return (5) To guard the mind by sober thinking and hope
48. What does it mean to have one’s faith tested by “temptations”?
Answer: Temptations test the reality of faith and love.

49. How was Abraham's faith tested by God's delay?
Answer: He had to wait 25 years for the promised son.
50. The trial of faith is intended to produce what?
Answer: Patience, experience, hope, and love
51. What does Peter mean when he says, "receiving the end of your faith, even the salvation of your souls"?
Answer: The believer *is* saved, and the believer *will be* saved.
52. How did the prophets prophesy of the grace that should come in the church age?
Answer: They saw the salvation of the Gentiles.
53. According to Peter, the prophets prophesied by what Spirit?
Answer: The Spirit of Christ
54. Why did the prophets inquire about the manner of time for the fulfillment of the prophecies?
Answer: They did not understand that Christ would come twice.
55. How does Peter describe the two comings of Christ by way of summary?
Answer: The sufferings of Christ, and the glory that should follow
56. What verse says the angels "excel in strength"?
Answer: Psalm 103:20
57. How many times do angels appear as women in Scripture?
Answer: None
58. How many angels are there?
Answer: Innumerable
59. What verse says the angels minister to the heirs of salvation?
Answer: Hebrews 1:14
60. What verse says that believers can entertain angels unawares?
Answer: Hebrews 13:2
61. What did Paul mean when he said the woman should cover her head "because of the angels"?
Answer: Angels are watching and learning.
62. What is the proper foundation for holy Christian living?
Answer: Salvation
63. What does it mean to "gird up the loins of your mind"?
Answer: To be sober, vigilant, watchful
64. What does it mean to "hope to the end for the grace that is to be brought unto you"?
Answer: It means not to let down the guard against attacks against one's faith.
65. How many times does Peter mention Christ's second coming in 1 Peter 1?
Answer: Four
66. What are the two things that Peter commands when he says, "As obedient children, not fashioning yourselves according to the former lusts in your ignorance"?
Answer: Obedience to God and separation from evil

67. What is the Greek word translated “fashion” in 1 Peter 1:14?
Answer: *suschematizo*
68. What is the meaning of this word?
Answer: To be conformed to a pattern
69. This Greek word is the basis for what English word?
Answer: Schematic
70. What is the Greek word for “holy”?
Answer: Hagios
71. What is the fundamental meaning of holiness?
Answer: To set apart for God
72. What are the two aspects of Christian holiness (state these two aspects in two different ways)?
Answer: Position and practice; standing and state
73. What should be the goal of the believer’s holiness?
Answer: Perfection
74. How does Peter describe how thoroughly holy the believer is to be?
Answer: To be holy in all manner of conversation
75. What does Peter mean when he describes the Christian life as a “sojourn”?
Answer: It is a pilgrim life in a strange land
76. What does it mean to “pass the time of your sojourning here in fear”?
Answer: To live in fear of displeasing God
77. What are some legitimate fears in the Christian life?
Answer: Fear of God; fear of being devoured by the devil; fear of being a castaway
78. What is the Greek word for “redeemed”?
Answer: Lutroo
79. What does it mean?
Answer: To release on payment of a ransom
80. What is the price of our redemption?
Answer: The blood of Christ
81. What does “precious” mean (“precious blood”)?
Answer: Valuable
82. What does Peter mean when he says Christ was foreordained before the foundation of the world?
Answer: Before creation, God determined that Christ would die for the sins of the world.
83. When did the “last time” begin?
Answer: First coming of Christ
84. What passage (book and chapter) says, “I was shapen in iniquity”?
Answer: Psalm 51

85. What book and chapter describes man's corruption in greatest detail?
Answer: Romans 3
86. What verse says, "Who can say, I have made my heart clean, I am pure from my sin?"
Answer: Proverbs 20:9
87. Who can purify his own soul?
Answer: No one
88. What is the meaning of justification?
Answer: Declared righteous on the basis of Christ's atonement
89. What kind of obedience is required for the new birth?
Answer: The obedience of faith in Christ
90. The gospel is the power of God unto salvation for whom? What verse says this?
Answer: For everyone that believes in Christ - Romans 1:16
91. What is "unfeigned love"?
Answer: Non-hypocritical love; genuine love wrought by God's Spirit
92. How does a sinner obtain unfeigned love and a pure heart?
Answer: The new birth
93. "Being born again" is what tense? What does this verb tense teach about the new birth?
Answer: Perfect tense - describes an action that took place in the past, the results of which have continued to the present
94. The new birth comes by what means?
Answer: The Word of God
95. In what parable did Jesus describe the Word of God as the seed of salvation and sanctification?
Answer: Parable of the Sower
96. What does Peter mean when he says the Word of God is "incorruptible"?
Answer: The Word of God will be preserved pure. It cannot be ruined or destroyed.