

Hebrews 1-2 Review Questions Answers

1. In about what year did Pantaenus write that the epistle of Hebrews was generally accredited in that day to Paul?

Answer: AD 150

2. A chief evidence that Paul wrote Hebrews is the reference to what man in chapter 13?

Answer: Timothy

3. What was Paul's standard salutation?

Answer: Grace be with you all

4. Where was Hebrews written from?

Answer: Italy

5. What are two reasons why we believe that Peter was referring to the book of Hebrews in 2 Peter 3:15?

Answer: (1) Peter says that Paul had written to the same people he was addressing. (2) Peter mentions the difficult things that Paul had written.

6. What is the two-fold theme of Hebrews?

Answer: (1) Hebrews is a warning to Jews who had professed faith in Jesus as Christ to continue in that faith and thereby show that they were genuinely saved. (2) Christ is shown to be superior to all things that the Jews put their faith in.

7. Why were the Jewish professors in danger of turning back?

Answer: Persecution

8. What is the key verse of Hebrews (full verse and reference)?

Answer: 8:6 - "But now hath he obtained a more excellent ministry, by how much also he is the mediator of a better covenant, which was established upon better promises."

9. How many times is the word "better" used in Hebrews?

Answer: 13 times

10. Name five of the titles of Jesus that we find in Hebrews.

Answer: Son, Heir of all things, First begotten, God, Lord, Captain of our salvation, Merciful and faithful High Priest, Apostle, Christ, Son of God, Author of eternal salvation, Forerunner, Surety of a better testament, Intercessor, Mediator of a better covenant, Author and Finisher of our faith, Great Shepherd

11. Persevering in the faith is the _____ of one's salvation.

Answer: Evidence

12. What is wrong with the following quotation? "For we will be made partakers of Christ, if we hold the beginning of our confidence stedfast unto the end" (Heb. 3:14).

Answer: It should be "we are made partakers."

13. What verse in Hebrews says there are things that accompany salvation?

Answer: 6:9

14. What are the six ways that Hebrews teaches eternal security?
Answer: (1) Christ's purging (2) Christ's rest (3) Christ's hope (4) Christ's high priesthood (5) Christ's covenant (6) Christ's blood
15. Give three examples from the Bible of people who came close to salvation but were not saved.
Answer: Balaam, the Jews in John 2:23; Judas; those in Matthew 7:21-23; Simon
16. Why does the Bible not emphasize the human element in the giving of Scripture?
Answer: The emphasis is on the fact that the Bible is the Word of God.
17. What does the term "sundry times" mean in regard to the giving of Scripture?
Answer: It refers to the progressive nature of Scripture.
18. About how long did it take to complete the Old Testament Scripture from the time of Moses to the time of Malachi?
Answer: 1,100 years
19. What verse says the doctrine of immortality was brought to light by the appearing of Jesus?
Answer: The doctrines pertaining to death, heaven, hell, and resurrection were revealed in their fullest sense in the New Testament.
20. What are six of the means by which the Old Testament Scriptures were given?
Answer: The angel of the Lord; dreams; burning bush; stone carvings; Urim and Thummim; a voice above the mercy seat; the mouth of a donkey; a voice from heaven, a voice from the whirlwind; a still, small voice; visions; direct inspiration by writing; handwriting on a wall; angels; a voice out of a cloud
21. What verse in the New Testament says God committed the Scripture to the Jews?
Answer: Romans 3:2
22. What is the Scripture's grand theme?
Answer: Christ
23. In what verse did Jesus say that all three major parts of the Old Testament speak of Him?
Answer: Luke 24:44
24. What verse says the New Testament faith was once delivered unto the saints?
Answer: Jude 1:3
25. When did the last days begin?
Answer: The time of the apostles
26. The last days encompasses what events?
Answer: Church age, day of the Lord, regathering and regeneration of Israel, second coming of Christ, millennial reign of Christ, resurrection, final judgment
27. What are the first five ways that Hebrews says Christ is greater than angels?
Answer: He is the Son. He is heir of all things. He is the Creator. He is God. He is the upholder of the universe.
28. What verse in Psalms says God has a Son?
Answer: Psalm 2:7

29. What verse says that without Jesus nothing was made?
Answer: John 1:3
30. For the test, be able to list the following verses which teach that Jesus Christ is God: Joh. 1:1; 14:9; Ro. 9:5; Php. 2:6; Col. 1:15; 2:9; 1 Ti. 3:16; Tit. 2:13; Heb. 1:3.
31. “Express image” is what Greek word and what are two ways the Greeks used this word?
Answer: Charakter - the emperor’s image on a coin and an impression made by a seal
32. How does Psalm 45:6-7 prove that Jesus is God?
Answer: The Father addresses the Son as God.
33. What is a sceptre?
Answer: A staff or rod signifying a king’s authority
34. How does Psalm 102:25 prove that Jesus is God?
Answer: According to Hebrews, this reference to Jehovah God also refers to Jesus.
35. What does “majesty” mean?
Answer: It speaks of God’s power, authority, glory, and kingly splendor.
36. What is a New Testament verse that says it is unlawful to worship anyone other than God?
Answer: Matthew 4:10
37. In John 10:35, Jesus said the Scripture cannot be broken. What does this mean?
Answer: It has complete authority.
38. What level of obedience did the law of Moses require?
Answer: Perfect
39. What verse says the law was given to stop men’s mouths and to make all men guilty before God?
Answer: Romans 3:19
40. What verse says the law was a schoolmaster to lead men to Christ?
Answer: Galatians 3:23
41. What verse speaks of the signs of an apostle?
Answer: 2 Corinthians 12:12
42. What verse says the believer’s conversation or citizenship is in heaven?
Answer: Philippians 3:20
43. What was the chief reason why Jesus came into the world, according to His own words?
Answer: To seek and to save that which was lost
44. What verse says that if works are added to grace, then grace is no more grace?
Answer: Romans 11:6
45. What does Hebrews 2:9 mean when it says that Jesus tasted death for every man?
Answer: He died to make it possible for every man to be saved.
46. What does “glory mean in Hebrews 2:10, which says Christ died to bring “many sons unto glory”?
Answer: Christ’s eternal kingdom

47. What does “sanctified” mean?

Answer: Set apart for God’s purpose

48. What are the two aspects of sanctification in the Christian life?

Answer: Position and practice

49. In what way has Jesus destroyed the devil by His death?

Answer: By purchasing salvation, He has destroyed the devil’s hold over men.

50. What does “succour” mean?

Answer: To help

51. What does it mean that angels are spirits?

Answer: They do not have physical bodies.

52. Which angelic creatures have wings?

Answer: Seraphims and cherubims

53. Name four the instances in Jesus’ life in which angels were involved?

Answer: Announcing Christ’s birth; appearing to the shepherds; ministering to Christ in His temptation; strengthening Christ in Gethsemane; announcing His resurrection; appearing at His ascension