

TEST - FINAL

95 Correct Answers

1.05 Points Per Answer

1. What is the most foundational fact about the Bible version issue?
2. The critical Greek New Testament omits or questions how many entire verses?
3. It omits significant portions of how many other verses?
4. In what book and chapter did Jesus describe the growth of apostasy as leaven that will operate “until the whole was leavened”?
5. What verse warns that “evil men and seducers shall wax worse and worse, deceiving and being deceived”?
6. What verse warns that many were corrupting the word of God in Paul’s day?
7. What verse warns that men were handling the word of God deceitfully in Paul’s day?
8. List four verses or passages from Psalms on the divine preservation of Scripture. (4 answers)
9. What verse says God’s Word is settled forever in heaven?
10. What verse says the Scripture is capable of imparting “the deep things of God”?
11. What verse says God changes the times and the seasons?
12. What verse says God will reprove those who add to his words?
13. What verse says not one jot or tittle shall pass from the law?
14. What verse says the words of Jesus Christ shall not pass away?
15. What book and chapter says the natural man cannot understand the things of the Spirit?
16. What verse says the Holy Spirit would guide the apostles and prophets into all truth?
17. In what verse did Jesus say to the disciples that the Holy Spirit would bring all things to their remembrance?
18. What passage (book and chapter) says the New Testament is given in words taught by the Holy Spirit?
19. In what book and chapter does Peter call the writings of Paul “scripture”?
20. What verse says the church at Thessalonica received the teaching of Paul as the word of God?
21. In what year did Tertullian indicate that the authentic writings of the apostles were still extant?
22. In what verse did Paul say that some were forging epistles in the name of the apostles?
23. What scholar said the worse corruptions to which the New Testament has ever been subjected occurred within a hundred years of the apostles?
24. John Burgon said the Vaticanus and Sinaiticus manuscripts owed their preservation “solely to their ascertained _____ character.

25. In the middle of what century did the Byzantine Empire fall (and the Greek manuscripts were carried into Europe)?
26. After devoting much of his life to investigating the history of the Bible, what was John Burgon's conclusion about the Received Text?
27. The printed Hebrew Bible used by the Protestants and Baptists of the 16th century is called by what two names, and why was it called this? (2 answers)
28. In what year did the term "Textus Receptus" make its appearance in a Greek New Testament and who was the printer?
29. How many times does Beza's 3rd edition Greek New Testament differ from Stephanus' 4th edition in the entire New Testament?
30. Sinaiticus and Vaticanus disagree with each other more than how many times in the Gospels alone?
31. The Formula Consensus Helvetica, 1675, speaking of the Scripture, stated that "God ... has also _____ and _____ it with paternal care from the time it was written up to the present..." (2 answers)
32. The modern Greek New Testament is how much shorter by words than the Received Text?
33. How many corrections did Tischendorf count in the Sinaiticus?
34. John Burgon said the Sinaiticus "_____ with _____ of the eye and pen." (2 answers)
35. What Greek manuscripts do the editors of the New International Version call "the two most reliable"?
36. Which Greek codex did the Alands call "by far the most significant of the uncials"?
37. After studying the five most ancient Greek uncials for five and one half years, John Burgon concluded that Sinaiticus, Vaticanus, and Codex D are "three of the most _____ _____ copies extant: exhibit the most _____ _____ texts which are anywhere to be met with..."
38. What is the goal of modern textual criticism, according to Tishendorf?
39. How is this goal unscriptural?
40. What verse says God has hidden His truth from the wise and revealed it to babes?
41. What verse says God has chosen the foolish things of this world to confound the wise?
42. According to Robert Dabney, evangelicals have adopted their textual criticism from "the mint of _____."
43. Zane Hodges warns that contemporary critical texts are "the fruit of a _____ approach to New Testament Textual criticism."
44. Edward Hills warned that in the realm of New Testament textual criticism "the presuppositions of modern thought are _____ to the historic Christian faith..."
45. Who claimed to coin the term "Neo-evangelical" and in what year and in what context? (3 answers)

46. He said there was a “ringing call for a _____ of _____.” (2 answers)
47. In what year was Darwin’s *On the Origin of the Species* published?
48. Unitarian was on the British committee that produced the English Revised Version?
49. After studying the writings of Westcott and Hort, Dr. Donald Waite warned that “Westcott and Hort did not so much deny the doctrines of the Word of God _____; they undermined orthodox doctrine with _____ and with _____.” (3 answers)
50. Westcott believed that Christ’s atonement was “to be found in His _____.”
51. Dr. D.A. Waite described Westcott’s attack on the bodily resurrection of Christ as “an _____, _____, _____ undermining ... by means of a re-definition of terms.” (3 answers)
52. Name two Unitarians that were on the American Standard Version committee. (2 answers)
53. Metzger called Job an “ancient _____.”
54. Metzger said Jonah was taken from the realm of “popular _____.”
55. Metzger said the Bible’s account of the flood was “heightened versions of _____ inundations.”
56. What are two reasons why it matters if influential names in modern textual criticism are skeptics? (2 answers)
57. What percentage of the New Testament is affected by textual variants between the critical Greek text and the Reformation Greek text?
58. According to the research of Jack Moorman, how many words are omitted from the critical Greek text that are found in the Received Greek text?
59. These omissions equal the omission of what two books from the New Testament?
60. What warning did the writer of Proverbs give in Proverbs 30:6?
61. What year was the Wycliffe New Testament finished?
62. What language was the Wycliffe Bible translated from?
63. In what year did the Constitutions of Arundel make it illegal to translate the Bible into English in England?
64. When a Catholic priest told Tyndale that they were better without God’s laws than the popes, Tyndale replied, “If God spare my life, ere many years I will cause a _____ that _____ - _____ shall know more of the Scriptures than thou doest.” (2 answers)
65. In what year did the Tyndale New Testament appear?
66. In what year was the entire Geneva Bible printed?
67. Who was the main translator of the Geneva Bible?
68. What was the name of the Puritan who proposed the new Bible translation to King James?
69. Alexander McClure said that in the early 17th century, the English language “had at last reached the very _____ of its _____ and _____.” (3 answers)
70. In 1820, J.W. Whittaker said that in the 17th century “the sacred language was at that time cultivated to a far greater extent in England than it has _____ _____ _____.”

71. In the 19th century, Charles Philpot warned that the learned men and scholars of his day “are notoriously either tainted with _____ or _____.” (2 answers)
72. Each part of the King James Bible was examined at least how many times?
73. Dr. Edward Hills said the style of the King James Bible was not that of its time in 1611 but “its style is that of the _____ and of the _____ _____.” (2 answers)
74. Leland Ryken said “a sacred book should sound like a _____ _____, not like the daily newspaper.”
75. Shakespeare used a vocabulary of roughly _____ English words, whereas the King James Bible used only about _____. (2 answers)
76. Why did the King James translators use thee, thou, and thine? What benefit do these old words have?