

WHY WE HOLD TO THE KING JAMES BIBLE - REVIEW QUESTIONS

INTRODUCTION

1. What is the most foundational fact about the Bible version issue?
2. According to modern version advertisers and promoters, what is the main difference between the KJV and the modern versions?
3. What are three other names for the Received Text Greek New Testament?
4. What are three other names for the critical Greek New Testament created by modern textual criticism?
5. The critical Greek New Testament omits or questions how many entire verses?
6. It omits significant portions of how many other verses?
7. About how many modern English versions have been published since 1890?
8. In what decade did the Bible version issue become more prominent among fundamentalists and why?
9. William Bruner, who studied Greek under noted professor A.T. Robertson, said, "Dr. Robertson had not given us _____."
10. Alfred Martin said of modern textual criticism, "To the average student of the Greek New Testament today it is _____ to question the theory at least in its basic premises."
11. Donald Waite said that when he studied Greek at Dallas Theological Seminary, he "didn't know there was _____ Greek text."
12. How have the modern versions destroyed the absolute authority of the Bible?
13. What verse warns about "every wind of doctrine"?
14. What passage (book and chapter) describes a New Testament church as a body that is growing to perfection?
15. BJU professor Samuel Schnaiter criticized Wilber Pickering's majority text position because a _____ undergirds his entire purpose."
16. What are the first three of our 11 biblical presuppositions for approaching the Bible version issue?
17. How does the reality of the devil fit into the Bible text/version issue?
18. In what book and chapter did Jesus describe the growth of apostasy as leaven that will operate "until the whole was leavened"?
19. What verse warns that "evil men and seducers shall wax worse and worse, deceiving and being deceived"?
20. What verse warns that many were corrupting the word of God in Paul's day?
21. What verse warns that men were handling the word of God deceitfully in Paul's day?

22. What verse says that without faith it is impossible to please God?
23. What verse says faith cometh by hearing, and hearing by the word of God?
24. What verse says the believer has an anointing and a teacher from God?

WE HOLD TO THE KJV BECAUSE OF DIVINE PRESERVATION (pt 1)
(Up to: Five Periods of Church History p. 77)

1. What verse says faith is the evidence of things not seen?
2. What verse says walking by faith is not walking by sight?
3. David Norris warns, "We have a clear choice between one of two diverging pathways, the road of _____ or the road of _____ and unbelief."
4. What passage in the New Testament (book and chapter) says God committed the Old Testament Scripture to the Jews?
5. In the days of what man was there a revival within the Jewish priesthood when the Old Testament books were collected and purified?
6. The Masoretes guarded the Old Testament Scripture from what century to what century?
7. What is the first rule of the Masoretes that we give in the textbook?
8. Be able to list the following important passages that teach the doctrine of preservation _____
9. In Psalm 12:6-7, what rule requires that the antecedent of "them" in v. 7 be the "words" of verse 6?
10. Name two Reformers who interpreted Psalm 12:7 as the words of God.
11. Name three biblical scholars who believed that Psalm 12:7 refers both to the words of God *and* the people of God.
12. What verse says God's Word is settled forever in heaven?
13. What verse says the Scripture is capable of imparting "the deep things of God"?
14. What verse says God changes the times and the seasons?
15. What verse says God will reprove those who add to his words?
16. What verse says God's words will not depart out of the mouth of believers?
17. What verse says not one jot or tittle shall pass from the law?
18. What verse says the words of Jesus Christ shall not pass away?
19. What passage in Matthew teaches us how God preserves the Scriptures in the New Testament dispensation?
20. What verse says it is the church that is the pillar and ground of the truth?
21. What verse says grievous wolves will enter into the churches?
22. What book and chapter warns that false teachers will bring in damnable heresies?

23. What book and chapter warns that many antichrists have come?
24. What book and chapter says the natural man cannot understand the things of the Spirit?
25. What book and chapter warns against adding to or taking away from the words of God?
26. How do Matthew 11:25 and 1 Corinthians 1:26-29 apply to the Bible text/version issue?
27. 1 Peter 1:23-25 twice says the Word of God endures and abides _____.

WE HOLD TO THE KJV BECAUSE OF DIVINE PRESERVATION (pt 2)
(Starting at: Five Periods of Church History p. 77)

1. In what country did the Alexandrian Greek text underlying the modern versions arise?
2. In what passage (book and chapter) did Jesus say that the words He had received of the Father had been received by the disciples?
3. What verse says the Holy Spirit would guide the apostles and prophets into all truth?
4. In what verse did Jesus say to the disciples that the Holy Spirit would bring all things to their remembrance?
5. What passage (book and chapter) says the New Testament is given in words taught by the Holy Spirit?
6. In what book and chapter does Peter put the writings of the apostles on the same level as those of the Old Testament prophets?
7. In what book and chapter does Peter call the writings of Paul “scripture”?
8. In 1 Timothy 5:18 Paul quotes from what Gospel, calling it scripture?
9. What verse says the New Testament faith was “once delivered” during the days of the apostles?
10. What verse says the church at Thessalonica received the teaching of Paul as the word of God?
11. In what year did Tertullian indicate that the authentic writings of the apostles were still extant?
12. What confession of faith in what year said the Scriptures were “kept pure in all ages”?
13. What book and chapter teaches that the believer is to keep the things of God “without spot”?
14. Antioch was located in which of the following: Egypt, Italy, Europe, England, Asia Minor?
15. What is significant about Antioch in the New Testament?
16. Why is the Traditional Reformation text also called “Antiochian” or “Syrian”?
17. In what verse did Paul speak of many which were corrupting the Word of God?
18. In what verse did Paul say that some were forging epistles in the name of the apostles?
19. In what verse did Peter warn of those who were wresting the Scriptures?
20. What scholar said the worse corruptions to which the New Testament has ever been subjected occurred within a hundred years of the apostles?

21. What scholar said that not a few of the codices of ancient Christendom must have exhibited a text which was scandalously corrupt?
22. John Burgon said the Vaticanus and Sinaiticus manuscripts owed their preservation “solely to their ascertained _____ character.
23. In what century did Tertullian warn that the Marcionites were adding to and taking away from the Scriptures?
24. What was gnosticism?
25. Where was the seedbed for gnosticism located?
26. How influential was gnosticism in Egypt?
27. Paul refutes gnostic teachings in what four passages (books and chapters)?
28. Marcion and his followers did what to the Scriptures: added to them or shortened them?
29. Why did Valentinus change “the only begotten son” to “the only begotten God”?
30. What was Docetism?
31. What was Adoptionism?
32. What was Sabellianism?
33. What was Arianism?
34. The *Shepherd of Hermas* describes the visions of whom?
35. What heresy did the *Epistle of Barnabas* teach pertaining to baptism?
36. What did Origen believe about the Holy Spirit?
37. What did Origen believe about Jesus?
38. What did Origen believe about the bodily resurrection?
39. Why is the Westcott-Hort principle that the oldest manuscripts are the best bogus?
40. Why should Bible manuscripts from Antioch be preferred over those from Alexandria, Egypt?
41. In what way do the Sinaiticus and Vaticanus manuscripts attack the deity of Christ in John 1:27?
42. In what way do the Sinaiticus and Vaticanus manuscripts attack the deity of Christ in John 3:13?
43. In what way do the Sinaiticus and Vaticanus manuscripts attack the deity of Christ in 1 Corinthians 15:47?
44. Who was the first pope to make a law against the translation of the Bible?
45. In what year was a law made in England against the translation of the Bible into English?
46. Who was the last pope to issue a warning against the Bible societies and in what year did his reign end?
47. How did Rome treat William Tyndale?
48. What is papyrus?

49. What is parchment?
50. What is an uncial?
51. What is a minuscule?
52. In what century did paper begin to be used extensively for writing?
53. What is a codex?
54. In what centuries did the minuscules replace the uncials?
55. What is a lectionary?
56. In the middle of what century did the Byzantine Empire fall (and the Greek manuscripts were carried into Europe)?
57. What important invention was made at this same time?
58. What is the association between Antioch and the Syriac Peshitta?
59. How have the modern textual critics revised the history of the Peshitta?
60. Where did the term “church fathers” come from?
61. According to the research of John Burgon, what percentage of the quotations from church fathers prior to AD 400 support the Traditional Reformation Text?
62. After devoting much of his life to investigating the history of the Bible, what was John Burgon’s conclusion about the Received Text?
63. Edward Hills said, “The God who brought the New Testament text safely through the ancient and medieval manuscript period did not _____ when it came time to transfer this text to the modern printed page.”
64. The Hebrew Bible was first printed in what year by what Jewish family?
65. The printed Hebrew Bible used by the Protestant and Baptists of the 16th century is called by what two names, and why was it called this?
66. Why is the Received Text also called the Byzantine Text?
67. What did the term “humanist” mean in Erasmus’ day?
68. What godly objective did Erasmus have that set him apart dramatically from most Catholic authorities of that day?
69. Fill in the blanks: “_____ planted, _____ watered, but _____ gave the increase.”
70. Erasmus’ first Greek New Testament contained errors. Were these ever corrected?
71. How did Erasmus know about the Vaticanus?
72. In what year did the term “Textus Receptus” make its appearance in a Greek New Testament and who was the printer?
73. What does Textus Receptus mean?
74. Was it merely an advertising blurb or did it genuinely express the faith of Christians of that day?

75. How many times does Beza's 3rd edition Greek New Testament differ from Stephanus' 4th edition in the entire New Testament?
76. Sinaiticus and Vaticanus disagree with each other more than how many times in the Gospels alone?
77. The Formula Consensus Helvetica, 1675, speaking of the Scripture, stated that "God ... has also _____ and _____ it with paternal care from the time it was written up to the present..."

**WE HOLD TO THE KING JAMES BIBLE:
BECAUSE MODERN TEXTUAL CRITICISM IS HERETICAL**

1. What is textual criticism?
2. When was modern textual criticism developed?
3. In what way did the fathers of modern textual criticism treat the Bible differently than other books?
4. How did Robert Dabney describe the attitude of textual critics to the Received Text that underlies all of the Reformation Bibles?
5. The modern Greek New Testament is how much shorter by words than the Received Text?
6. What were the first two English versions of any significance that were based on the critical Greek New Testament?
7. In 1883, John Burgon said the Vatican and Sinaiticus "have within the last twenty years established a _____ ascendancy over the imagination of the Critics."
8. Where is the Vaticanus manuscript located?
9. The known history of the Vaticanus dates to what century?
10. It is thought to date to what century and to what place?
11. Outsiders were not given access to the Vatican until when?
12. According to Kurt Aland, what did Westcott and Hort think of the Vaticanus?
13. What has been done to every letter of the Vaticanus?
14. How many words are left out of the Vaticanus in the Gospels that are found in the majority of manuscripts?
15. What verses are omitted from Mark 16 in Vaticanus?
16. What is the significance of the vacant column at the end of Mark's Gospel in the Vaticanus?
17. What are three of the apocryphal books included with Vaticanus?
18. Where and by whom was the Sinaiticus discovered?
Where is it located today?
19. How many corrections did Tischendorf count in this manuscript?

20. John Burgon said the Sinaiticus “_____ with _____ of the eye and pen.”
21. How is the Sinaiticus associated with Origen?
22. What is strange about Mark 16:9-20 in the Sinaiticus?
23. What two heretical writings are bound together in the Sinaiticus?
24. How many times did Tischendorf alter the eighth edition of his Greek New Testament on the “authority” of Sinaiticus?
25. What Greek manuscripts do the editors of the New International Version call “the two most reliable”?
26. What two modern Greek New Testaments combine the readings of the Sinaiticus and the Vaticanus?
27. What Greek manuscripts did Kurt and Barbara Aland call “the two most important uncials”?
28. Which Greek codex did the Alands call “by far the most significant of the uncials”?
29. What Greek manuscripts are meant when modern version marginal notes refer to “oldest and best manuscripts”?
30. The Sinaiticus and Vaticanus manuscripts are called Alexandrian because they are from the city of Alexandria; in what country is this located?
31. What was the chief characteristic of this place in the early centuries after the apostles during the days that the Vaticanus and Sinaiticus were created?
32. John Burgon said the Vaticanus and Sinaiticus “abound with so much _____ or _____ as to suggest the inference, that they are in fact indebted for their preservation to their _____ character.”
33. What important doctrine is weakened in the Vaticanus and Sinaiticus?
34. In John 6:69 in the Vatican and Sinaiticus, “the Christ, the Son of the living God” is changed to what?
35. In Acts 20:28, the Sinaiticus and Vaticanus change “church of God” to “church of the Lord”; how does this weaken the doctrine of Christ’s deity?
36. In Romans 14:10, the Sinaiticus and Vaticanus change “judgment seat of Christ” to “judgment seat of God”; how does this weaken the doctrine of Christ’s deity?
37. In 1 John 4:3, the Vaticanus changes “confesseth not that Jesus Christ is come in the flesh” to “confesseth not Jesus” and most modern version follow this change. How does this weaken the doctrine of Christ’s deity?
38. After studying the five most ancient Greek uncials for five and one half years, John Burgon concluded that Sinaiticus, Vaticanus, and Codex D are “three of the most _____ _____ copies extant: exhibit the most _____ _____ texts which are anywhere to be met with...”
39. John Burgon called Sinaiticus and Vaticanus “two _____ witnesses”?
40. Do we have papyri manuscripts for the entire New Testament?
41. What are the two major collections of papyri?

42. In what place did the papyri originate?
43. How do we know that the scribes who copied many of the papyri were inept and careless?
44. Why did the gnostics try to dissociate Jesus from Christ?
45. Why is it believed that the scribes who copied p66 and p75 did not know Greek?
46. What scholar proved that the papyri often support the Traditional Text?
47. In what way does the doctrine of preservation assure us that the papyri should not be used to overthrow the traditional Greek New Testament?
48. What are the four major reasons why we reject modern textual criticism?
49. What is the goal of modern textual criticism, according to Tishendorf?
50. How is this goal unscriptural?
51. What important doctrine do the modern textual critics almost never mention?
52. Why does Jack Moorman liken textual criticism to “The Artful Dodger”?
53. Ian Paisley said, “I will oppose B the Vatican ms. first, foremost, altogether, simply because it is the _____ ms.”
54. Modern textual critics disregard the majority of Greek manuscripts by means of the theory that the majority text was created in the 4th century by a recension. What historical evidence do they have for such a theory?
55. John Burgon called Hort’s theory of a Syrian recension “an excursion into _____.”
56. Why is the following statement true? “It is unreasonable to think that the church at Antioch would look to any other realm in textual matters or would have countenanced any sort of ‘recension’ that ‘conflated’ three competing texts.”
57. How did John Burgon turn Hort’s theory of a recension on its head and use it to overthrow Hort’s own Alexandrian text?
58. How does the doctrine of divine preservation disprove modern textual criticism’s theory that the Traditional text is a product of a recension?
59. Hort claimed that the Traditional Text is a product of conflation; what is this?
60. Would a conscientious believer take conflicting New Testament manuscripts and conflate them to produce something new?
61. How many examples of “conflation” could Hort find for sure?
62. What do current textual critics believe about a “western text”?
63. How does everyday experience disprove the textual theory that “the shorter reading is to be preferred”?
64. What passage (book and chapter) says the devil corrupts the simplicity that is in Christ?
65. What verse says God has hidden His truth from the wise and revealed it to babes?
66. What verse says God has chosen the foolish things of this world to confound the wise?
67. Rendel Harris said the New Testament text is “perhaps finally, _____.”

68. F.C. Conybeare claimed the New Testament text “is for ever _____-.”
69. Kirsopp Lake claimed that “we do not know the original form of the Gospels, and it is quite likely that we _____.”
70. How can modern textual criticism be likened to Darwinian evolution?
71. What is the “tyranny of the experts”?
72. How does Saddleback Church illustrate how the multiplicity of modern versions has weakened biblical authority?
73. Edward Hills warned, “... the logic of naturalistic textual criticism leads to _____”
74. Roman Catholic Patrick Henry said the ecumenical activities between Catholics and Protestants in the field of Bible texts “signals a _____ in the church.”
75. In what year did the Vatican call for an ecumenical Bible?
76. In what year did the Revised Standard Version appear in a Catholic edition?
77. What is the one key Bible doctrine that overthrows modern textual criticism?
78. What verse warns about science falsely so called?

WE HOLD TO THE KING JAMES BIBLE:

BECAUSE THE MODERN TEXTS AND VERSIONS ARE A PRODUCT OF END-TIME APOSTASY

1. Who was Robert Dabney?
2. According to Dabney, evangelicals have adopted their textual criticism from “the mint of _____.”
3. According to George Samson, the efforts to undermine the integrity of the Received Text began “in _____, among the _____ interposition.”
4. The Trinitarian Bible Society warns that God’s people should not permit their judgment to be overawed by great names in the realm of biblical scholarship, because it is evident that “the distinguished scholars of the present century are merely reproducing the case presented by _____ during the last two hundred years.”
5. Zane Hodges warns that contemporary critical texts are “the fruit of a _____ - approach to New Testament Textual criticism.”
6. Edward Hills warned that in the realm of New Testament textual criticism “the presuppositions of modern thought are _____ to the historic Christian faith...”
7. Among whom did biblical criticism have its origin?
8. In what century did biblical criticism begin?
9. What man is called the forerunner of modern biblical criticism?
10. According to Johann Eichhorn, who wrote the Pentateuch?
11. What kind of explanations did H.E.G. Paulus devise to overthrow the miracle of Jesus walking on the water?

12. Schleiermacher exalted what over Bible doctrine?
13. Schleiermacher claimed to be a philosopher in his _____ but a devout man with his _____.
14. What German school did F.C. Baur found?
15. According to David Strauss, the miracles of the Gospels are _____.
16. According to the Graf-Wellhausen theory, the Old Testament is not divine revelation but is what?
17. According to Wellhausen, most of the Pentateuch was written when?
18. The Broad Church movement in the Church of England made allowance for what?
19. James Good warned that “rationalism was a _____ that swept over Germany like a flood.”
20. L.W. Munhall warned of the “alarmingly prevalent _____, _____, and _____ among the masses of the people in Germany, Switzerland, and Holland.”
21. In 1887, Charles H. Spurgeon warned of the “_____ which has flashed from the pulpit and spread among the people.”
22. The Jesus Seminar voted on the Gospels in what decade?
23. How did the Jesus Seminar scholars cast their votes?
24. According to the Jesus Seminar, Jesus spoke what percentage of the sayings attributed to Him in the Gospels?
25. According to the Jesus Seminar scholar Ron Cameron, “the death of Jesus was like a _____.”
26. New Evangelicalism renounced what practice?
27. Who claimed to coin the term “Neo-evangelical” and in what year and in what context?
28. He said there was a “ringing call for a _____ of _____.”
29. He stated what three other ways that new evangelicalism differed from fundamentalism?
30. In 1976, Carl Henry warned that there was a growing vanguard of young graduates of evangelical colleges who “now question or disown _____.”
31. What were the titles of the two books Harold Lindsell published to warn of the downgrade of the Bible, and in what decade did this happen?
32. Lindsell warned that within a decade or so of its founding, new evangelicalism was “being assaulted from within by increasing _____ with regard to biblical _____.”
33. A few months before he died, Francis Schaeffer published what book?
34. Schaeffer warned that within evangelicalism there were a growing number “who are modifying their views on the _____ of the Bible.”
35. What did David Otis Fuller call the pride of scholarship?
36. What was Kant’s chief authority?

37. Hegel denied that there is such a thing as what?
38. Kierkegaard exalted what over truth?
39. What philosopher claimed that God is dead?
40. What is the first doctrine that unitarianism denies?
41. In what year was the Trinitarian Bible Society formed?
42. Why was the Trinitarian Bible Society formed?
43. In what century did Unitarianism arise in America?
44. What famous American college was taken over by Unitarianism in the early 1800s?
45. What two famous American writers were prominent Unitarians?
46. Ralph Waldo Emerson wanted to synthesize Christianity with what?
47. Emerson urged scholars to free themselves from dependence on the Bible and to trust in what?
48. What was one of the major objectives of the Unitarian Book Society?
49. Name three of the prominent textual critics who were Unitarians.
50. In what year was Darwin's *On the Origin of the Species* published?
51. Who coined the term "agnostic"?
52. In what year did Joseph Smith publish *The Book of Mormon*?
53. What did Joseph Smith teach about God?
54. In what year did the Mormon Church establish its headquarters in Salt Lake City, Utah?
55. What is the name of the prophetess who founded the Seventh-day Adventist Church?
56. According to her prophecy, what occurred in October 1844?
57. Who was the founder of the Jehovah's Witnesses?
58. What year did he organize the Zion's Watch Tower Tract Society?
59. What do Jehovah's Witnesses believe about Jesus Christ?
60. What Greek New Testament did the Jehovah's Witnesses publish?
61. Who wrote *Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures*?
62. In what year did this person found the Church of Christ, Scientist?
63. Helena Blavatsky is called the mother of what?
64. What pope proclaimed the Dogma of Immaculate Conception?
65. In what year did the Vatican I Council begin?
66. What decree was made at the first Vatican Council?
67. What year did the Oxford Movement begin?
68. Why was it called the Oxford Movement?

69. What was its goal?
70. What textual critic did Westcott and Hort venerate above that of every other textual critic?
71. What is the name of Johann Griesbach's modernist teacher?
72. Who was the "father of German rationalism"?
73. What was the strange theory that Griesbach adopted from Johann Semler?
74. Bible believers in that day condemned Griesbach for making changes to what three verses?
75. Who loved Griesbach's modern textual criticism?
76. What Unitarian was on the British committee that produced the English Revised Version?
77. This man said that "Jesus of Nazareth is nowhere presented to us as _____."
78. What did Westcott and Hort do when an attempt was made to remove this man from the English revision committee?
79. Why did this Unitarian like the changes made in the modern versions?
80. Zane Hodges of Dallas Theological Seminary said, "The charge of _____ is easily substantiated for Westcott and Hort."
81. After studying the writings of Westcott and Hort, Dr. Donald Waite warned that "Westcott and Hort did not so much deny the doctrines of the Word of God _____; they undermined orthodox doctrine with _____ and with _____."
82. What did Westcott and Hort believe about the infallibility of the Bible?
83. What did Hort believe about Darwin?
84. What did Westcott believe about the first three chapters of Genesis?
85. What did Hort say about the doctrine of substitutionary atonement?
86. Hort believed that the Bible's language about a ransom is what type of language?
87. Westcott believed that Christ's atonement was "to be found in His _____."
88. What did Westcott and Hort believe about heaven?
89. Dr. Waite described Westcott's attack on the bodily resurrection of Christ as "an _____, _____, _____ undermining ... by means of a re-definition of terms."
90. Name two Unitarians that were on the American Standard Version committee.
91. Driver of the Brown, Driver, and Briggs Hebrew English Lexicon scorned the idea of what?
92. Briggs of the Brown, Driver, and Briggs Hebrew English Lexicon was dismissed from the Presbyterian Church for what reason?
93. Driver of the Brown, Driver, and Briggs Hebrew English Lexicon said Christ accepted "opinions respecting the Old Testament _____ Him."
94. Eberhard Nestle said "the greater portion of the New Testament" was "never intended for _____."
95. Which one of the editors of the United Bible Societies Greek New Testament was a Roman Catholic Cardinal?

96. How many of the editors of the United Bible Societies Greek New Testament accept the Bible as the infallibly inspired Word of God?
97. What did Kurt Aland believe about the authorship of 1 and 2 Peter?
98. Bruce Metzger said the Pentateuch arose out of “a matrix of _____, _____, and history.”
99. Metzger called Job an “ancient _____.”
100. Metzger said Jonah was taken from the realm of “popular _____.”
101. Metzger said the Bible’s account of the flood was “heightened versions of _____ inundations.”
102. What are two reasons why it matters if influential names in modern textual criticism are skeptics?

WE HOLD TO THE KING JAMES BIBLE: BECAUSE OF ITS SUPERIOR DOCTRINE

1. According to Robert Sumner, the differences between the versions “do not affect in any way any _____.”
2. What percentage of the New Testament is affected by textual variants between the critical Greek text and the Reformation Greek text?
3. According to the research of Jack Moorman, how many words are omitted from the critical Greek text that are found in the Received Greek text?
4. These omissions equal the omission of what two books from the New Testament?
5. How many entire verses are omitted or questioned in the critical Greek text?
6. How many partial verses are omitted in the critical Greek text?
7. What is the real heart of the issue that the modern version defenders fail to address?
8. In Luke 2:14, there is only one _____ difference between the Received Text and the Critical Text, yet this results in the difference between “peace, good will toward men” and “peace to men on whom his favor rests.”
9. What warning did the writer of Proverbs give in Proverbs 30:6?
10. What warning is given in Revelation 22:18-19?
11. What two groups of Christians in the 19th century recognized that the Bible text-version issue is a doctrinal issue?
12. Robert Dabney examined the Bible texts that were changed through modern textual criticism and he observed, “If now the reader will glance back upon this latter list of variations, he will find that in every case, the _____ effect of the departure from the Received Text is to _____ or _____ some testimony for the _____ of the Saviour.”

13. John Burgon observed that since it was the doctrine of the eternal Godhead of Jesus Christ that was under attack in the first centuries after the apostles, it is “a memorable circumstance that it is _____ those _____ texts ... which have suffered most severely, and retain to this hour traces of having been in various ways _____ with.”
14. Harvard College published an edition of Griesbach’s critical New Testament because its textual criticism was “a most powerful _____ to be used against the supporters of _____ inspiration.”
15. How is the doctrine of the Gospel of Mark changed with the removal of the last 12 verses?
16. How is the doctrine of baptism changed with the omission of Acts 8:37?
17. 1 John 5:7 is removed from most modern Bible versions, but it was included in most versions prior to the 20th century. When did 1 John 5:7 first appear in the English Bible?
18. If someone were going to add a Trinitarian statement to a Greek manuscript to give support to this doctrine against heretics, what formula would he use?
19. Why would heretics want to remove 1 John 5:7 from the Bible?
20. What three great New Testament testimonies to Christ’s deity are corrupted in the modern versions? Name the speakers and the Bible chapters.
21. What is the purpose of repetition in the Bible and where in the book of Genesis do we see this taught?
22. In what chapter of Mark’s Gospel do the modern versions omit two entire verses about hell?
23. Is the word fasting entirely removed from the modern versions?
24. In what way is the doctrine of fasting attacked in the modern versions?
25. What important verse about fasting is omitted in the modern versions?
26. Is hunger the same as fasting?
27. When the modern versions remove “without a cause” from Matthew 5:22, how does this make Jesus a liar?
28. What is wrong when the modern versions change “prophets” to “Isaiah the prophet” in Mark 1:2-3?
29. When the modern versions remove “yet” from John 7:8, how does this make Jesus into a liar?

WE HOLD TO THE KING JAMES BIBLE: BECAUSE OF ITS UNMATCHED HERITAGE

1. Leland Ryken said the Bible “is the _____ book of the English-speaking cultures throughout the ages.”
2. The Bible fashioned the English language as it rose from its roots in _____, _____, and _____.
3. Blackford Condit said Wycliffe “laid the foundation ... for the _____ and _____ of the English language.”

4. David Daniell said “the Bible in English rapidly became, was the fountain from which flowed the _____, _____ and _____ range of the greatest prose thereafter.”
5. In 17th century England, “For most men and women the _____ was their point of reference in all their thinking.”
6. Noah Webster’s American Dictionary had about how many quotations from and references to the English Bible?
7. By the 1860s, the American Bible Society was printing how many Bibles a year?
8. What complete New Testament in English existed before John Wycliffe’s?
9. In what century did the king of England submit to the pope? What was the name of the pope?
10. In what century did John Wycliffe live?
11. What year was the Wycliffe New Testament finished?
12. In what university did Wycliffe teach theology?
13. Why was Wycliffe persecuted by the Catholic Church?
14. What was Wycliffe’s foundational doctrine?
15. What did Wycliffe think about the papacy?
16. When Wycliffe argued in favor of the translation of the Bible into the vernacular languages, he said, “Did not the _____ give the Word of God at first in the _____ of the nations to whom it was addressed?”
17. Which pope issued five bulls against Wycliffe?
18. Archbishop of Canterbury Thomas Arundel called Wycliffe “this _____ and _____ John Wycliff.”
19. For what reason did John of Gaunt remove his protection from Wycliffe?
20. What was the Papal Schism and why did this help Wycliffe?
21. Why was the trial against Wycliffe in 1382 called “the Blackfriars’ Synod”?
22. What memorable event occurred at the beginning of this trial?
23. How many printed editions of the Wycliffe Bible were made in England?
24. What are the terms by which the original Wycliffe Bible is distinguished from the revisions?
25. Was the Wycliffe Bible exactly the same textually as the King James Bible?
26. What language was the Wycliffe Bible translated from?
27. Why is it not possible to find John Wycliffe’s burial place today?
28. What does it mean that the term “Lollard” was a broad, catchall word?
29. Historian John Foxe says one of the articles of faith among the Lollards was “that faith ought to precede baptism.” How does this prove that they had renounced infant baptism?
30. In what year was a law passed in England that required the burning of “heretics”?

31. In what year did the Constitutions of Arundel make it illegal to translate the Bible into English in England?
32. Who was Arundel?
33. Why was the tower at the Archbishop of Canterbury's Lambeth Palace named Lollard's Tower?
34. Who was the first "heretic" burned in England?
35. What was the first English New Testament to be printed?
36. What was the first English New Testament translated from Greek?
37. In what year (about) was the first Bible printed (in Latin)?
38. What type of idols did the people in England worship before the Reformation?
39. St. Peter's Basilica was built through the sale of what?
40. William Tyndale was born in what part of England?
41. That part of England was filled with what sort of teaching?
42. At which university was Tyndale educated?
43. How many languages could Tyndale speak fluently?
44. At what place did Tyndale get a job as tutor and chaplain after he graduated?
45. The Roman Catholic Church did not allow the people to read the Bible in English, but it did allow a few books such as "The Mirror of the Life of Christ" by Nicholas Love. Who was the hero in this book?
46. When a Catholic priest told Tyndale that they were better without God's laws than the popes, Tyndale replied, "If God spare my life, ere many years I will cause a _____ that _____ - _____ shall know more of the Scriptures than thou doest."
47. Tyndale believed that for baptism to be proper it had to be preceded by repentance, faith and confession. How does this overthrow infant baptism?
48. What was Tyndale's regular pastime on Mondays and Saturdays?
49. Tyndale testified that "I never altered _____ of God's Word against my conscience; nor would this day, if all that is in the earth, whether it be pleasure, honor, or riches, might be given me."
50. What ecclesiastical leader did Tyndale approach in London in an attempt to gain permission to translate the Bible into English?
51. After Tyndale began printing his New Testament in 1525 in Cologne, what happened to force him to flee to another city?
52. In what year did the Tyndale New Testament appear?
53. How large was the Tyndale New Testament?
54. What do the ecclesiastical authorities in England do when the Tyndale New Testaments began to be smuggled in from Europe?
55. In *The Practice of Prelates*, Tyndale likened the pope to what?

56. In what city was Tyndale living when he was arrested?
57. What was the name of the man who falsely befriended Tyndale and sold him out to the Roman Catholic authorities?
58. In what town and country was Tyndale imprisoned in a castle?
59. How long was he imprisoned?
60. How was Tyndale put to death and in what year?
61. According to a computer study done in 1998, what percentage of the King James Bible is from Tyndale?
62. Between 1525 and 1640, an estimated how many Bibles and Bible portions were printed in England?
63. What did William Maldon's father do to him when he persisting in reading the Tyndale New Testament?
64. What edition of the Tyndale Bible was brought to America by its first settlers?
65. In what year was the first English Bible printed in America?
66. The frontispiece of the 1792 American *Self-Interpreting Bible* featured a woman representing America extending her right hand to receive what?
67. How many times was Miles Coverdale exiled from England for his faith?
68. What was the first printed entire English Bible and in what year was it published?
69. Where did the Matthew's Bible get its name?
70. Thomas Matthew was a pen name for what man?
71. In what year was this man put to death and during the reign of what queen?
72. The Great Bible was an edition of what English Bible?
73. Why was it also called "the chained Bible"?
74. Why were the English translators of the Geneva Bible living in Geneva during the reign of Queen Mary?
75. Other than the Geneva English, Reformation Bibles in what other three languages were printed in Geneva?
76. In what year was the entire Geneva Bible printed?
77. Who was the main translator of the Geneva Bible?
78. Why was he persecuted by the Anglican Church?
79. What man contributed a substantial amount for the printing of the Geneva Bible?
80. What library was named after this man and where is it located?
81. Why was the original Geneva Bible called "the Breeches Bible"?
82. In what three ways was the Geneva a milestone in the English Bible?
83. David Daniell called the Geneva Old Testament translators "_____ Hebrew scholars."

84. What was the name of the bishop who oversaw the Bishops Bible?
85. What was the objective of the bishops involved in this project?
86. What was the name of the king who authorized the production of the King James Bible?
87. What was this king's mother's name?
88. How many children did this king have?
89. What was the Gunpowder Plot?
90. What was the name of the palace where the conference was held in 1604 at which the king decided to approve the production of the new Bible translation?
91. What was the name of the Puritan who proposed the new Bible translation to the king?
92. Roughly how many translators worked on the King James Bible?
93. The work was divided between how many companies of translators?
94. Alexander McClure said that in the early 17th century, the English language "had at last reached the very _____ of its _____ and _____."
95. In 1820, J.W. Whittaker said that in the 17th century "the sacred language was at that time cultivated to a far greater extent in England than it has _____."
96. What was different about scholarship in Latin, Greek, and Hebrew in that day than today?
97. What occurred in the field of biblical scholarship since the 19th century which makes it less possible to translate the Bible properly than in the 17th century?
98. In the 19th century, Charles Philpot warned that the learned men and scholars of his day "are notoriously either tainted with _____ or _____."
99. In 2003, Adam Nicholson said, "The churches and biblical scholarship have, by and large, abandoned the _____ of _____ which created this translation [the KJV]."
100. Nicholson also said that the KJV translators "lived on the other side of a gulf, which can be labelled _____, _____, democratic modernity."
101. What six English versions did the King James Bible translators use?
102. Each part of the King James Bible was examined at least how many times?
103. Where is the Jerusalem Chamber located where some of the work was done on the KJV?
104. Which KJV translator was the master of 15 languages?
105. Which KJV translator was famed for his Arabic learning?
106. Which KJV translator was reading the entire Hebrew Bible at age five?
107. Which KJV translator gave up his inheritance to follow the Protestant faith?
108. Which KJV translator had made an adventurous trip across the sea to Puerto Rico?
109. Which KJV translator had become a Fellow of Corpus Christi College, Oxford, at age 17?
110. Which KJV translator was the first to publish the entire works of Chrysostom?

111. Which KJV translator knew Hebrew, Chaldee, Syriac, Latin, Greek, and Arabic as well as his own mother tongue?
112. In whom did the King James men trust for the wisdom to translate the Bible?
113. Did the KJV translators believe that the Bible is the infallibly inspired Word of God?
114. Where can we find the statement of what the KJV translators believed about the Bible's inspiration?
115. What part of the translation did King James I do?
116. Harvard University Press chose the King James Bible for the *Literary Guide to the Bible* in 1987 because "it is still arguably the version that best preserves the _____ of the original languages."
117. Dr. Edward Hills said the style of the King James Bible was not that of its time in 1611 but "its style is that of the _____ and of the _____."
118. Hills said "the language of the Bible should be _____ as well as _____."
119. Was the King James Bible copyrighted in England?
120. Leland Ryken said "good _____ for a Bible is like a qualifying exam."
121. What type of changes has been made to the King James Bible since 1611?
122. Ryken said "a sacred book should sound like a _____, not like the daily newspaper."
123. The King James Bible is written on what reading level?
124. Shakespeare used a vocabulary of roughly _____ English words, whereas the King James Bible used only about _____.
125. What is the most important thing in Bible translation, simplicity or faithfulness?
126. Why did the King James translators use thee, thou, and thine? What benefit do these old words have?
127. In John 3:7, the Lord Jesus used "thee" and "ye." Why did He use these different pronouns?