

TEST ANSWERS - THE MODERN TEXTS AND VERSIONS ARE A PRODUCT OF END-TIME APOSTASY

59 Correct Answers

1.69 Per Answer

1. Who was Robert Dabney?

Answer: 19th century Presbyterian scholar

2. According to Dabney, evangelicals have adopted their textual criticism from “the mint of _____.”

Answer: Infidel rationalism

3. Zane Hodges warns that contemporary critical texts are “the fruit of a _____ approach to New Testament Textual criticism.”

Answer: Rationalistic

4. Edward Hills warned that in the realm of New Testament textual criticism “the presuppositions of modern thought are _____ to the historic Christian faith...”

Answer: Hostile

5. Among whom did biblical criticism have its origin?

Answer: Roman Catholics who opposed the Bible as the sole authority for faith and practice.

6. In what century did biblical criticism begin?

Answer: 18th

7. According to Wellhausen, most of the Pentateuch was written when?

Answer: During the days of Israel's kings

8. James Good warned that “rationalism was a _____ that swept over Germany like a flood.”

Answer: Terrible tide

9. According to the Jesus Seminar, Jesus spoke what percentage of the sayings attributed to Him in the Gospels?

Answer: 18%

10. Who claimed to coin the term “Neo-evangelical” and in what year and in what context? (3 answers)

Answer: Harold Ockenga - 1948 - the founding of Fuller Theological Seminary

11. He said there was a “ringing call for a _____ of _____.” (2 answers)

Answer: Repudiation - separatism

12. What were the titles of the two books Harold Lindsell published to warn of the downgrade of the Bible, and in what decade did this happen? (3 answers)

Answer: *Battle for the Bible*, *Bible in the Balance*, 1970s

13. Lindsell warned that within a decade or so of its founding, new evangelicalism was “being assaulted from within by increasing _____ with regard to biblical _____.” (2 answers)

Answer: Skepticism - infallibility

14. A few months before he died, Francis Schaeffer published what book?

Answer: *The Great Evangelical Disaster*

15. What did David Otis Fuller call the pride of scholarship?

Answer: Scholarolatry

16. In what year was the Trinitarian Bible Society formed?

Answer: 1831

17. Why was the Trinitarian Bible Society formed?

Answer: Unitarianism in the British and Foreign Bible Society

18. What famous American college was taken over by Unitarianism in the early 1800s?

Answer: Harvard

19. In what year was Darwin's *On the Origin of the Species* published?

Answer: 1859

20. In what year did the Vatican I Council begin?

Answer: 1870

21. What textual critic did Westcott and Hort venerate above that of every other textual critic?

Answer: Griesbach

22. What is the name of Johann Griesbach's modernist teacher?

Answer: Johann Semler

25. Who was the "father of German rationalism"?

Answer: Johann Semler

26. What was the strange theory that Griesbach adopted from Johann Semler?

Answer: Textual readings favoring theological orthodoxy should be suspect.

27. What Unitarian was on the British committee that produced the English Revised Version?

Answer: George Vance Smith

28. This man said that "Jesus of Nazareth is nowhere presented to us as _____."

Answer: God

29. Why did this Unitarian like the changes made in the modern versions?

Answer: They fit his false doctrine.

30. After studying the writings of Westcott and Hort, Dr. Donald Waite warned that "Westcott and Hort did not so much deny the doctrines of the Word of God _____; they undermined orthodox doctrine with _____ and with _____." (3 answers)

Answer: Directly - clever doubt - subtle questioning

31. What did Westcott and Hort believe about the infallibility of the Bible?

Answer: They rejected it.

32. What did Hort believe about Darwin?

Answer: They agreed with him.

33. What did Westcott believe about the first three chapters of Genesis?
 Answer: These chapters are not historical.
34. Westcott believed that Christ's atonement was "to be found in His _____ ."
 Answer: Whole life
35. Dr. Waite described Westcott's attack on the bodily resurrection of Christ as "an _____, _____, _____ undermining ... by means of a re-definition of terms." (3 answers)
 Answer: Adroit, skillful, oblique
36. Name two Unitarians that were on the American Standard Version committee. (2 answers)
 Answer: Ezra Abbott, Joseph Henry Thayer
37. Driver of the Brown, Driver, and Briggs Hebrew English Lexicon scorned the idea of what?
 Answer: Verbal inspiration
38. Briggs of the Brown, Driver, and Briggs Hebrew English Lexicon was dismissed from the Presbyterian Church for what reason?
 Answer: Heresy
39. Eberhard Nestle said "the greater portion of the New Testament" was "never intended for _____."
 Answer: Publication
40. Which one of the editors of the United Bible Societies Greek New Testament was a Roman Catholic Cardinal?
 Answer: Carlo Martini
41. What did Kurt Aland believe about the authorship of 1 and 2 Peter?
 Answer: They were forgeries
42. Bruce Metzger said the Pentateuch arose out of "a matrix of _____, _____, and history." (2 answers)
 Answer: Myth, legend
43. Metzger called Job an "ancient _____."
 Answer: Folktale
44. Metzger said Jonah was taken from the realm of "popular _____."
 Answer: Legend
45. Metzger said the Bible's account of the flood was "heightened versions of _____ inundations."
 Answer: Local
46. What are two reasons why it matters if influential names in modern textual criticism are skeptics? (2 answers)
 Answer: (1) Unbelievers do not have spiritual discernment. (2) God demands that His people separate from heresy.