

Review Questions

The Doctrine Which Ye Have Learned

MISC. LESSONS ON BIBLE DOCTRINE

1. What is the Greek word translated “doctrine”?
Didaskalia (διδασκαλία)
2. What are the three meanings of this word?
 - 1) *The thing that is taught,*
 - 2) *The act of teaching, and*
 - 3) *The act of learning*
3. What are four Bible terms for sound doctrine?
 - 1) *The doctrine which ye have learned,*
 - 2) *Wholesome words,*
 - 3) *Sound doctrine, and*
 - 4) *Uncorrupt doctrine*
4. What book and chapter says that preachers must allow “no other doctrine”?
1 Timothy 1:3
5. What is the meaning of the word “heretic”?
A willful rejection of the truth and choosing of false teaching
6. The word “theology” is from what two Greek words?
Theos and logos (θεος and λογος)
7. What are the two basic meanings of “theology”?
 - 1) *The teaching about God Himself, and*
 - 2) *The teaching about God in a broad sense*
8. In former times, theology was called what?
The queen of sciences
9. Why is theology called this?
Because only by theology can man have a right knowledge of the fundamentals of life.
10. What book and chapter says the Scripture is profitable?
2 Timothy 3
11. What is the first thing for which Scripture is profitable?
For doctrine
12. The Greek words translated for “doctrine” are used how many times in the New Testament?
More than 140 times
13. How many times in 1 and 2 Timothy does Paul refer to doctrine and truth?

Answer key

59 times

14. What apostle in what epistle said, "I have no greater joy than to hear that my children walk in truth"?
John in 3 John
15. What book and chapter says "ye have obeyed from the heart that form of doctrine which was delivered you"?
Romans 6
16. What doctrine does this refer to and how is this doctrine obeyed?
The gospel; It is obeyed by faith in Jesus Christ alone.
17. What is the meaning of "a right world view"?
The right thinking about life
18. In the Pastoral Epistles, what are four things the preacher must do in regard to doctrine?
*1) To be focuses on doctrine,
2) To allow no false doctrine,
3) To labor in doctrine, and
4) To preach with doctrine*
19. What book and chapter exhorts God's people to "mark them which cause divisions and offences contrary to the doctrine which ye have learned; and avoid them"?
Romans 16
20. What book and chapter commands withdrawal from those who consent not to the doctrine which is according to godliness?
1 Timothy 6
21. What book and chapter commands rejection of heretics?
Titus 3
22. They are to be rejected after how many admonitions?
After two admonitions
23. What are three verses in the NT that describe a testing mindset?
Acts 17:11, 2 Corinthians 10:5, and 1 Thessalonians 5:21
24. How do we know from Christ's messages to the seven churches that Christ is concerned about doctrinal purity in the churches?
He rebuked the churches for continuing in false doctrine
25. What verse says the Word is to be preached with "doctrine"?
2 Timothy 4:2

KNOWING SOUND DOCTRINE

1. What do ecumenical type Christians say about doctrine?
"Doctrine divides, experience unites..."

Answer key

2. In what passage (two verses) did Christ promise that we can “know the truth”?
John 8:31-32
3. According to these verses, what is necessary to know the truth?
We must continue in the Word
4. In what verse did Christ say we can “know of the doctrine” as to whether it is sound?
John 7:17
5. According to this verse, what is necessary to know sound doctrine?
To do the will of God
6. What verse commands God’s people to “rightly divide the word of truth”?
2 Timothy 2:15
7. According to this verse, what is necessary for this task?
To study to show yourself approved unto God, a workman that needeth not to be ashamed
8. What verse says believers “have an unction from the Holy One, and ye know all things”?
1 John 2:20
9. How does Jude 1:3 teach that believers can know sound doctrine?
By earnestly contending for it
10. What are five things that are necessary to know sound doctrine?
 - 1) *The new birth,*
 - 2) *Walking in the Spirit,*
 - 3) *Prayer,*
 - 4) *Obedience,*
 - 5) *Continuing in God’s Word,*
 - 6) *Diligent study,*
 - 7) *The Bible student wanting to be “approved unto God,” and*
 - 8) *Rightly dividing the Scriptures*
11. What are three ways that false teaches misuse the Scripture?
 - 1) *False teachers take Scripture out of context,*
 - 2) *False teachers foist pre-conceived definitions upon Bible words, and*
 - 3) *False teachers use more obscure passages to overthrow the teaching of those that are clear*
12. What is the fundamental truth about the right interpretation of Scripture?
God gave the Bible in normal human language so that man might know Him; therefore, Scripture is interpreted by the normal-literal method.
13. What are the first and second rules of sound Bible interpretation?
 - 1) *Context and*
 - 2) *Comparing Scripture with Scripture*
14. What passage (book and chapter) says Christ has given preachers and teachers to the churches to build up the saints for the work of the ministry?
Ephesians 4:11-12

Answer key

15. What verse says the church is the pillar and ground of the truth?

1 Timothy 3:15

THE DOCTRINE OF THE BIBLE

1. What is the Greek word from which "Bible" is derived and what is the meaning of this word?

Biblos (βιβλος); meaning a book

2. What book and chapter teaches that the Bible was given by the Spirit of God through holy prophets?

2 Peter 1:21

3. What verse says that all Scripture is given by inspiration of God?

2 Timothy 3:16

4. What are the two major sections of the Bible?

The Old and New Testaments

5. How many individual books are in the Bible?

66 books

6. In what century were the Bible's chapter divisions first made?

13th century

7. In what century were the verse divisions first made?

16th century

8. In what year and in what language was the first Bible published that contained chapter-verse divisions?

1555 in the Stephanus' Latin Bible

9. What book and chapter says the law of Moses was a schoolmaster to lead men to Christ?

Galatians 3

10. How is the law a schoolmaster for this work?

It convicts men of their sin and shows them their hopelessness and helplessness and need for a Saviour

11. What are three NT passages (book and chapter) that teach that the Old Testament was written for the learning, example, admonition, and correction of church age believers?

1) Romans 15,

2) 1 Corinthians 10, and

3) 2 Timothy 3

12. The Old Testament was written in what language?

Hebrew

13. The New Testament was written in what language?

Greek

Answer key

14. In what verse did Christ promise that the Holy Spirit would teach the disciples all things and bring all things to their remembrance?
John 14:26
15. In what verse did Christ promise that the Holy Spirit would guide the disciples into all truth?
John 16:13
16. What verse says the church at Thessalonica received the words of Paul as the Word of God?
1 Thessalonians 2:13
17. In what book and chapter did Paul teach that God was giving revelation to the apostles by “words ... which the Holy Spirit teacheth”?
1 Corinthians 2
18. In what verse did Peter say that the word being preached by the apostles was the word of God?
1 Peter 1:25
19. In what book and chapter did Peter call Paul’s writings “Scripture”?
2 Peter 3
20. What verse says the faith was once delivered to the saints?
Jude 3
21. What warning is given in Revelation 22:18-19?
Not to add to or take away from the Word of God
22. What two verses say the Scriptures were committed to the Jews?
Romans 3:1-2
23. What book and chapter teaches that the Levites were to take charge of the Scriptures and keep them in the tabernacle?
Deuteronomy 31
24. What book and chapter teaches that Israel’s kings were to make a copy of the law from the original kept by the Levites?
Deuteronomy 17
25. The Hebrew canon was probably completed in the days of what Levite prophet teacher?
Ezra
26. What preacher in AD 96 referred to Romans, 1 Corinthians, Hebrews, and possibly Matthew, Acts, Titus, James, and 1 Peter as Scripture?
Clement of Rome
27. What preacher in about AD 110 referred to all of Paul’s epistles?
Ignatius

Answer key

28. What preacher in about AD 115 gave 50 quotations from all of the books of the New Testament except Jude and called them Scripture?
Polycarp
29. What preacher, who died in about AD 202, made 1,800 quotations from the New Testament and indicated that they were considered of “unquestioned authority”?
Irenaeus
30. What preacher in what year stated that the “authentic writings” of the apostles were still extant in the various churches to which they were written?
Tertullian in 208 A.D.
31. In AD 367, what preacher listed the Old Testament and New Testament books that included all of the books in our canon today?
Athanasius
32. What verse says the teaching of the apostles was to be taught from generation to generation by faithful preachers?
2 Timothy 2:2
33. How does Christ’s command in Matthew 28:19-20 imply the preservation of Scripture by the churches?
Because we are commanded to teach all things Christ has taught us.
34. The New Testament was translated into what two languages in the second century?
Syriac and Old Latin
35. What is the meaning of the Greek word *apokalupto* which is translated “revelation”?
“Uncover, unveil, or disclose”
36. What verse says God has spoken by holy prophets since the world began?
Acts 3:21
37. What verse says Abel was the first prophet?
Luke 11:50-51
38. What are six great truths that were revealed to God’s people before the time of Moses?
*1) Salvation
2) The Saviour
3) The Resurrection
4) The Second Coming
5) The High Priest
6) The Heavenly Kingdom
7) A restored earth
8) Tithing
9) Righteous living*
39. Who was a prophet before Noah who preached about the second coming of Christ?
Enoch

Answer key

40. What book of the Bible contains this prophecy?

Jude

41. In what verses did Christ say that “the Scripture cannot be broken” and what is the meaning of this?

John 10:35; The power, authority, and absolute truth of the Bible is true and binding.

42. What are the three interconnected themes of the Bible?

- 1) God,*
- 2) Jesus Christ, and*
- 3) God’s plan of the ages*

43. What passage (book and chapter) contains the summary of God’s plan for the ages?

Ephesians 1

44. What is this plan?

“That in the dispensation of the fullness of times he might gather together in one all things in Christ, both which are in heaven, and which are on earth; even in him.”—Everything will be one in Christ

45. What is the meaning of “dispensation” in the Bible?

God’s administration of history

46. What is the Greek word translated “ages”?

Aion (αιων)

47. What is the fulness of times?

A period of time during which God is working out His plan.

48. What are five things that the Bible is called in Scripture?

- 1) The Word of God*
- 2) The Word of Christ*
- 3) The oracles of God*
- 4) The Word of faith*
- 5) The Word of truth*
- 6) The Word of life*
- 7) The Word of grace*
- 8) The Word of reconciliation*
- 9) The Word of salvation*
- 10) The Word of righteousness*
- 11) The faithful Word*
- 12) The Word of prophecy*

49. What are five things that describe the Bible’s character?

Eternal and indestructible, pure, perfect, life, truth, Spirit, righteous, very faithful, magnified above God’s name, prosperous, living and powerful, good, incorruptible, sincere, tried, good, invaluable, and sure

50. What are five symbols for the Bible?

Light, hammer, fire, sword, shield, lamp, seed, mirror, milk, meat, honey, and water

51. What are five things the Bible can do?

By it we are born again, we grow, we are cleansed, we are sanctified, we are built up, we are protected from spiritual enemies, we are washed, we are kept from the paths of the destroyer, our path through life is illuminated, the heart rejoices, we are warned, the secrets of the hearts are revealed, the seed is scattered, and men are judged.

THE DOCTRINE OF BIBLICAL INSPIRATION

1. From its Greek word, what is the meaning of “inspiration” in 2 Timothy 3:16?
“God-breathed”

2. What are five ways that the Word of God was corrupted in the devil’s conversation with Eve?

- 1) It was questioned*
- 2) It was subtracted from*
- 3) It was added to*
- 4) It was substituted*
- 5) It was softened*
- 6) It was denied*
- 7) It was blasphemed*
- 8) It was ignored and disobeyed*

3. What is the JEDP theory?

The heresy that the Pentateuch was written over a long period of time by an unknown group of men.

4. What is another name for the JEDP theory?

The Documentary Hypothesis

5. What is the meaning of JEDP?

The names of the supposed documents—J (Jahwist or Jehovahist), E (Elohist), P (Priestly), D (Deuteronomy)

6. Who was the first man to teach the JEDP theory and in what century?

Julius Wellhausen in the 19th century

7. According to this theory, in what century was the book of Deuteronomy written?

In the 7th century B.C.

8. According to this theory, the Pentateuch was finalized in what century?

The 5th century B.C.

9. Why is this theory called a “pious fraud”?

Because supposedly the unknown men who wrote it allegedly had good intentions, even though what they were writing was not true

10. Who coined the term “New Evangelicalism”?

Harold Ockenga

11. New Evangelicalism was a “ringing call for a _____.”

Answer key

Repudiation of separatism

12. What two books did Harold Lindsell publish to warn of the downgrade of the doctrine of inspiration among evangelicals?
The Battle for the Bible and The Bible in the Balance
13. In what decade were these books published?
The 1970s
14. What book did Francis Schaeffer publish to warn of the downgrade of the doctrine of inspiration?
The Great Evangelical Disaster
15. Herman Hanko warned that “it is almost impossible to find an evangelical professor who still holds uncompromisingly to the doctrine of the _____ of the Scriptures.”
Infallible inspiration
16. Bruce Metzger taught that the Old Testament is “a matrix of _____, _____, and _____.”
Myth, legend, and history
17. He said the Pentateuch “took shape over a _____.”
Long period of time
18. What is the deception of inspiration?
There are many who claim to believe in inspiration, but they do not mean that the Bible is the infallible Word of God
19. Bible translator J.B. Phillips did not believe in _____ inspiration.
Verbal
20. He said the Bible “is not magical, nor is it _____.”
Faultless
21. How many times do such terms as “thus saith the Lord” and “the word of God” appear in Scripture?
2,448 times
22. What is a verse that says God spoke by the mouth of his holy prophets since the world began?
Luke 1:70 and Acts 3:21
23. What verse says the Scripture is able to make children wise unto salvation?
2 Timothy 3:15
24. What does it mean when it is said that the Bible is holy?
It is set apart and different from any other book because God is the Author
25. What is the meaning of “plenary” inspiration of the Bible?
Full or whole inspiration

Answer key

26. What verse says the Word of God is forever settled in heaven?
Psalm 119:89
27. What is the meaning of “verbal” inspiration of the Bible?
Every word is inspired
28. In what verse did Paul say that the words of Scripture are words taught by the Holy Spirit and not by man’s wisdom?
1 Corinthians 2:13
29. Why is it wrong to focus on the mechanics of biblical inspiration?
God only told us that He inspired His Word not how He did it.
30. The Bible is profitable for what four things according to 2 Timothy 3:16?
*1) For doctrine,
2) For reproof,
3) For correction, and
4) For instruction in righteousness*
31. What verse says the Scripture is able to make the man of God perfect?
2 Timothy 3:17
32. What is the meaning of “perfect” in that context?
“fitted” or “complete”
33. How much of the Scripture is necessary to make the man of God perfect?
All of it!
34. What verse says the secret things belong to the Lord, but the things that are revealed belong to us?
Deuteronomy 29:29
35. What is the meaning of “perspicuity” in reference to the Bible?
Clarity, lucidity, plainness, transparency
36. Why did the apostles and prophets who wrote the Gospels not have to depend upon their fallible memories?
The Holy Spirit brought everything to remembrance
37. In what verse did Jesus state that His words would not pass away?
Matthew 24:35
38. Edward Hills said, “Although the Scriptures were written during a definite historical period, they are not the product of that period but of the _____ of God.”
Eternal plan
39. What is the meaning of the term “mystery” in the Bible?
New Testament truths that were hidden in the Old Testament

Answer key

40. Paul said, "Eye hath not seen, nor ear heard, neither have entered into the heart of man, the things which God hath prepared for them that love him." What does this mean?
The wisdom of God is beyond man's reach
41. What are four verses that teach that the Spirit of God is the Author of Scripture?
Zech. 7:12, Mark 12:36, John 16:13, Acts 1:16, Eph. 3:5, 1 Peter 1:11-12, and 2 Peter 1:21
42. According to this course, how do we know that the Spirit of God is a "person"?
He "searches" and "teaches"
43. Paul taught that Scripture contains the _____ things of God.
Deep
44. Paul taught that the Scripture is "the _____ of Christ."
Mind
45. What is the natural man and what book and chapter describes him?
A lost man; 1 Corinthians 2
46. What is the carnal man and what book and chapter describes him?
A born again believer living in the flesh; 1 Corinthians 3
47. What is the spiritual man?
A born again believer walking in the Spirit
48. In what verse does Paul say that his teaching is the Word of God and the churches received his teaching as the word of God?
1 Thessalonians 2:13
49. What verse says that God "hath in these last days spoken unto us by his Son"?
Hebrews 1:2
50. "Hath spoken" is aorist indicative active, which means what?
It was a verbal action completed in the past
51. What are five ways that God gave His word to men?
By the angel of the LORD, dreams, a burning bush, stone carvings, Urim and Thummim, the voice spoken from above the mercy seat, the mouth of a donkey, a voice from heaven, a voice from the whirlwind, a still, small voice, visions, direct inspiration by writing, a scribe writing the prophet's words, handwriting on a wall, angels, a voice out of a cloud
52. When did "the last days" begin?
With the apostles
53. The "last days" encompasses what prophetic events?
*-The church age
-The Day of the Lord
-the regathering and regeneration of the nation of Israel
-The second coming and glorious earthly reign of Christ
-The resurrection*

-The final judgment of the unsaved

54. What passage says the prophets of old prophesied of the sufferings of Christ and the glory that should follow?
1 Peter 1:10-12
55. Why did the prophets not understand the manner of time of Christ's sufferings and glory?
They did not understand that there would be two comings of Christ and that there would be a church age in between the two comings. They thought the prophecies described the things that would occur as one general event rather than multiple events.
56. What passage (3 verses) teaches that the Word of God is incorruptible and "liveth and abideth for ever"?
1 Peter 1:22-25
57. In what verse did Jesus state that not one jot or one tittle shall pass from the law?
Matthew 5:18
58. What passage states that Scripture is a sure word of prophecy, a light shining in a dark place, and that it was written as holy men of God were moved by the Holy Spirit?
2 Peter 1:19-21
59. What does Peter mean when he says the Scripture is "not of any private interpretation"?
It refers to the giving of revelation rather than the understanding of it. The Bible writers did not personally interpret God's revelation to mankind.
60. In what passage (2 verses) did Peter put the commandments of the apostles on the same level of authority as the words of the Old Testament prophets?
2 Peter 3:1-2
61. What are five Old Testament miracles that are cited by the apostles as historical events?
Creation, Enoch's translation, Noah's flood, Destruction of Sodom, Baby Moses discovered in the bulrushes, The burning bush, The plagues upon Egypt, Passing through the Red Sea, The wilderness wanderings, The wall of Jericho falling, and Elijah stopping the rain
62. What are four evidences that Moses wrote the Pentateuch?
*1) The books themselves claim to have been written by Moses
2) Other Old Testament books claim Moses wrote the Pentateuch
3) The New Testament claims Moses wrote the Pentateuch
4) The Lord Jesus Christ quoted from every part of the Pentateuch and attributed it to Moses.*
63. How many times is Moses mentioned in the New Testament?
843 times
64. Christ quoted from how many books of the Pentateuch and attributed them to Moses?
Every book of the Pentateuch (all five books)
65. How many times are Adam and Eve mentioned in the Bible?
35 times

Answer key

66. If Adam and Eve were not historical figures, the _____ is a myth and _____ through Christ is not true.
The fall; Redemption
67. Christ's genealogy is traced from what man in Luke?
Adam
68. How do we know that the days of Genesis 1 are literal 24 hour days?
They are mentioned as "morning and evening" days
69. What are four Bible facts that prove that the flood of Noah's day was global?
*1) The language used in the Bible to describe the flood points to it being global
2) Noah was required to gather two of each of the animals
3) The judgment of Noah's day is compared with the judgment of the last days which is global
4) God promised that there would not a flood like this again*
70. What New Testament passage (book and chapter) quotes from both major parts of the book of Isaiah and attributed both parts to the prophet Isaiah?
John 12
71. What are four major principles of "form criticism" of the Gospels?
*1) The Gospel writers used a common oral tradition
2) The Gospel writers used other sources
3) the Gospel writers copied from one another
4) The Gospel writers modified things that Jesus did and said*
72. The book *The Jesus Crisis* lists many examples from the Gospels of things that form critics do not accept as divinely inspired and true. What are four examples of ways they have discredited the Bible?
*-The author Matthew, not Jesus, created the Sermon on the Mount.
-The commissioning of the Twelve in Matthew 10 is a group of instructions compiled and organized by the author of the first gospel, not spoken by Jesus on a single occasion.
-The parable accounts of Matthew 13 and Mark 4 are anthologies of parables that Jesus uttered on separate occasions.
-Jesus did not preach the Olivet Discourse in its entirety, as found in three of the gospel accounts.
-Jesus gave His teaching on divorce and remarriage without the exception clauses found in Matthew 5:32 and 19:9.
In Matthew 19:16-17, the writer changed the words of Jesus and the rich man either to obtain a different emphasis or to avoid a theological problem involved in the wording of Mark's and Luke's accounts of the same event.
-The scribes and Pharisees were in reality decent people whom Matthew painted in an entirely negative light because of his personal bias against them.
-The genealogies of Jesus in Matthew 1 and Luke 3 are figures of speech and not accurate records of Jesus' physical and/or legal lineage
-The magi who, according to Matthew 2, visited the child Jesus after His birth are fictional, not real, characters
-Jesus uttered only three or four of the eight or nine beatitudes in Matthew 5:3-12*

73. The modern Greek New Testament questions or removes what verses from the Gospel of Mark?

Mark 16:9-20

THE DOCTRINE OF GOD

1. What is man's chief purpose and where is that found in Scripture?
To fear God and keep His commandments; Ecclesiastes 12:13
2. How does Genesis 1:1 teach that God created before the creation and is not the creation?
God existed before "In the beginning" and is therefore separate from His creation
3. What is the Hebrew word for "create" in Genesis 1 and what does it mean?
Bara; "express creation out of nothing"
4. What verse says "things that are seen were not made of things which do appear"?
Hebrews 11:3
5. What verse says God the Father made the worlds by the Son?
Hebrews 1:3
6. What verse says of God "for of him, and through him, and to him, are all things"?
Romans 11:36
7. What does it mean that all things are of God?
He is the Creator, and nothing exists that God did not make.
8. What does it mean that all things are through God?
God sustains all things.
9. What does it mean that all things are to God?
All things are owned by God, under His Headship, are subject to Him and accountable to Him; all things exist for Him and have their purpose in Him, and all things are for His eternal glory.
10. What are seven things about God that are infinite?
 - 1) *His greatness*
 - 2) *His understanding*
 - 3) *His judgments*
 - 4) *His ways*
 - 5) *His riches*
 - 6) *His love*
 - 7) *His peace*
11. What are four things that are meant by the fact that God is a Spirit?
 - 1) *God is invisible*
 - 2) *God does not have flesh and bones*
 - 3) *God cannot be seen*
 - 4) *No likeness can be made of God*
12. When the Bible says that men saw God, what does this mean?
God has manifested Himself to men in many forms.

Answer key

13. What did Ezekiel see when he saw God on the throne above the cherubims?
He saw "the appearance of a man"
14. What verse says Christ dwells in the light "which no man can approach unto; whom no man hath seen, nor can see"?
1 Timothy 6:16
15. What verse says "from everlasting to everlasting, thou art God"?
Psalms 90:2
16. What verse says of God "thou art from everlasting"?
Psalms 93:2
17. What verse says God has "eternal power"?
Romans 1:20
18. What is the meaning of "I AM THAT I AM"?
God has no beginning or end. He has always existed
19. What verse says, "I am the first, and I am the last; and beside me there is no God"?
Isaiah 44:6
20. What is the meaning of "omniscient"?
All-knowing
21. What verse says God "knoweth all things"?
1 John 3:20
22. What verse says "wisdom and might are his"?
Daniel 2:21
23. What verse says in Christ are hid all treasures of wisdom and knowledge?
Colossians 2:3
24. What two verses say that God knows the end from the beginning?
Isaiah 46:9-10
25. What verse says God knows all His works from the beginning of the world?
Acts 15:18
26. What verse says God knows the number and names of the stars?
Psalms 147:4
27. What is the meaning of "omnipotent"?
Almighty or all-powerful
28. What verse says that God is omnipotent?
Revelation 19:6

Answer key

29. "Almighty" in the Old Testament is from what Hebrew word and what is the meaning of this word?
Shaddai; meaning "to be burly"
30. "Almighty" in the New Testament is what Greek word and what is the meaning of this word?
Pantokrator; meaning "to have all strength"
31. What verse says of God "there is nothing too hard for thee"?
Jeremiah 32:17
32. The 2011 Oxford study of the universe estimated that it is at least how large?
7 trillion light-years across
33. What verse says God does not grow weary?
Isaiah 40:28
34. What verse says God has done whatsoever He has pleased?
Psalms 115:3
35. What verse says God is head above all?
1 Chronicles 29:11
36. What verse says the Lord sitteth King forever?
Psalms 29:10
37. What verse says God ruleth over all?
Psalms 103:19
38. What verse says God changes the times and the seasons and removes and sets up kings?
Daniel 2:21
39. What verse says that none are able to withstand God's power?
2 Chronicles 20:6
40. What verse says God is the judge who puts down one and sets up another?
Psalms 75:7
41. What verse says God has determined the bounds of man's habitation on earth?
Acts 17:26
42. What verse says "The king's heart is in the hand of the LORD, as the rivers of water: he turneth it whithersoever he will"?
Proverbs 21:1
43. What are two examples of this in Scripture?
Pharaoh and the Persian king Cyrus
44. What verse says, "The lot is cast into the lap; but the whole disposing thereof is of the LORD"?
Proverbs 16:33

Answer key

45. How does Romans 8:28 describe God's almighty power?
It tells us that every detail of men's lives, all men, all at once, are under God's ultimate knowledge and control.
46. What verse says the wrath of man shall praise God?
Psalms 76:10
47. What verse says the eyes of the Lord are in every place?
Proverbs 15:3
48. What is the meaning of "pantheism"?
The pagan belief that "everything is God"
49. What is the meaning of "panentheism"?
The pagan belief that "God is in everything"
50. What is the meaning of "immutable"?
Unchanging
51. What are two verses that teach God's immutability?
Malachi 3:6, Hebrews 1:10-12, Hebrews 6:17, Hebrews 13:8, and James 1:17
52. What are two verses that teach that God is light?
1 John 1:5 and James 1:17
53. How many times is God called the "holy one" in the Bible?
51 times
54. Holy is a synonym for what word?
Righteous
55. What verse says God is holy in all His works?
Psalms 145:17
56. What are five implications of the fact that God is holy?
*1) God has no sin
2) God is righteous
3) God judges sin
4) God is trustworthy
5) God alone is exalted*
57. What is the Hebrew word translated "justice"?
Sedeq
58. It is a synonym for what word?
Righteousness
59. What verse says justice and judgment are the habitation of God's throne?
Psalms 89:14

Answer key

60. Judgment and justice describe the whole system of God's righteous _____ and _____.
Ways and dealings
61. What verse says Christ will rule with judgment and justice forever?
Isaiah 9:7
62. Judgment and justice encompass what six things in man's dealings with one another?
1) *Honesty*
2) *Truth*
3) *Equality*
4) *Punishment of evil*
5) *Care for the needy*
6) *Help for the oppressed*
63. How many times are judgment and righteousness used together in the Old Testament?
35 times
64. What is a prophecy in Isaiah that says the Messiah will rule with equity?
Isaiah 11:4
65. What are four ways that the statue Lady Justice signifies true judgment and justice?
1) *She holds scales to signify the weighing of evidence righteously before the law*
2) *She is blindfolded to signify equality before the law and she does not see who is standing before her and therefore does not show favoritism*
3) *She has a sword signifying punishment of evil*
4) *She is often depicted in a stance with one foot forward, signifying that she is hasting to exercise judgment*
66. What verse says the ruler is to judge righteously by pleading the cause of the poor and needy?
Proverbs 31:9
67. What judge in Israel exercised true justice and could not be charged with any oppression?
Samuel
68. When did God first reveal Himself as man's judge?
At the very beginning with Adam when He gave man His law and warned Adam that disobedience brings death
69. In what verse is God called "the righteous judge"?
2 Timothy 4:8
70. In what verse is God called "the Judge of all the earth"?
Genesis 18:25
71. What verse says God will bring every secret thing into judgment?
Ecclesiastes 12:14

Answer key

72. What verse says God will bring every idle word into judgment?
Matthew 12:36
73. What verse says God “will bring to light the hidden things of darkness, and will make manifest the counsels of the hearts”?
1 Corinthians 4:5
74. What passage (book and chapter) describes the final judgment of the unsaved?
Revelation 20
75. What verse in the NT says God is a consuming fire?
Hebrews 12:29
76. Exodus 20:5 says, “I the LORD thy God am a jealous God.” What is the meaning of this in the context?
God is man’s Creator, and God made man for Himself and He is jealous for man’s affection and worship.
77. What prophet is told to take a prostitute as a wife to illustrate Israel’s wickedness against God and God’s love for Israel?
Hosea
78. What is the meaning of God’s mercy?
God’s pity, kindness, and compassion toward needy sinners
79. What is the Hebrew word translated “mercy” and what are four other ways it is translated?
Chesed; “kindness,” “goodness,” “favour,” and “pity”
80. In what verse is God called “the Father of mercies”?
2 Corinthians 1:3
81. What are four Bible words that describe the largeness of God’s mercy?
His grace, longsuffering, kindness, and goodness
82. What verse says God is “the God of all grace”?
1 Peter 5:10
83. What is the Greek word translated “grace”?
Charis
84. What is the brief meaning of this word?
Unmerited and undeserved favor
85. Where do we see God’s grace in its greatness?
In the cross of Christ
86. What is the gospel of the grace of Christ?
Salvation by faith without works as a free gift on the basis of the atonement of Jesus Christ
87. What are five things that God gives grace for in the Christian life?

Answer key

- 1) *For exercising spiritual gifts*
- 2) *For establishing churches*
- 3) *To live a holy life in a wicked world*
- 4) *To give to meet the needs of God's people and God's business*
- 5) *To endure trials and difficulties*
- 6) *To minister the Word of God*
- 7) *To help in time of need*
- 8) *To serve God acceptably*

88. What is a verse that says "God is love"?

1 John 4:8

89. What are six different aspects of God's love?

- 1) *God is patient and longsuffering*
- 2) *God is reasonable and approachable*
- 3) *God's love is seen in the character of His laws*
- 4) *God's love must be understood along with His awful holiness and severity*
- 5) *God is kind, tender, caring, pitying, longsuffering, merciful, and gentle*
- 6) *God's love is seen in His fatherly care for His creation*
- 7) *God's love is evidenced in the fact that the earth is filled with His mercy even after man's fall*
- 8) *God's love drew salvation's plan and was displayed in its greatness on the cross of Christ*

90. What verse says God's love "passeth knowledge"?

Ephesians 3:19

91. What are four verses that describe salvation in terms of God's love?

John 1:29, John 3:16, Rom. 5:8, 2 Cor. 8:9, Eph. 5:2, Titus 3:4, and 1 John 4:10

92. What is the main general term for God in the Old Testament?

God, Elohiym

93. In what context does this term first appear?

Genesis 1:1—The Creation

94. What is the Hebrew and the Greek word for "Lord"?

Adonai, adon; and Kurios

95. What is the meaning of *Shaddai*?

To be burly or powerful. (It is translated Almighty in the King James Version)

96. What was the context when God revealed Himself as I AM THAT I AM?

In the context of God's promise to Moses that He would redeem Israel from Egypt

97. What is the meaning of *Jehovah* derived from the first mention of this name?

God as Redeemer when He sought Adam after the fall and clothed him in coats signifying the salvation provided by Jesus' sacrifice

98. What is the abbreviated form of this name?

Jah

Answer key

99. How is the Hebrew Jehovah usually translated in the English Bible?
LORD (in all caps)
100. What can we conclude from the fact that the things said about Jehovah in the Old Testament are said about Jesus in the New?
Because Jesus has all the offices and attributes of Jehovah God, Jesus is Jehovah God.
101. List five of these similar statements?
King of kings, Lord of lords, Stone of stumbling, Judge, Reigning, Good Shepherd, Only Saviour, Alpha and Omega, Creator, and Every knee shall bow
102. What is the meaning of *Jehovah-Jireh*?
Jehovah will provide
103. What is the meaning of *Jehovah-Nissi*?
Jehovah is my banner
104. What is the meaning of *Jehovah-Tsidkenu*?
Jehovah is our righteousness
105. What is the meaning of *Jehovah Sabaoth*?
LORD of hosts (with special reference to warfare or service)

GOD AS TRINITY

1. What are the two fundamental truths of the doctrine of the Trinity?
There is one God, and this God is a unity of three Persons in one Godhead
2. What are two New Testament verses that plainly state the Trinity?
Matthew 28:19 and 1 John 5:7
3. What is Noah Webster's definition of the Trinity?
"The Trinity is the union of three persons (the Father, the Son, and Holy Spirit) in one Godhead, so that all the three are one God as to substance, but three persons as to individuality."
4. What popular hymn gives praise to the Trinity?
"Holy, Holy, Holy"
5. Arianism was named for what man?
Arius
6. What did Arianism teach about Jesus?
That Jesus is not eternal God but was created by the Father
7. What is the meaning that Jesus is the "only begotten" Son of God?
Jesus is the only begotten Son by means of the resurrection and exaltation.
8. What is the meaning of Colossians 1:15, which says Jesus is "the firstborn of every creature"?
He is the firstborn from the dead of the new creation. He is the "firstborn from the dead."

Answer key

9. What is the teaching of “adoptionism”?
It is the teaching that Jesus was an ordinary man who became “the Christ” at His baptism when He was anointed by the Spirit.
10. What is the teaching of “modalism”?
It is the doctrine that the Father, Son, and Spirit are three modes or aspects or manifestations of the one God as perceived by the believer.
11. What group holds this doctrine today?
Oneness Pentecostals
12. What are five of the ways that modalism is refuted in the New Testament?
 - 1) *The Father is God and the Son is God and they are one, but they are not the same.*
 - 2) *The Father, Son, and Spirit act at the same time in the same events.*
 - 3) *The Son prayed to the Father.*
 - 4) *The Son was forsaken by the Father on the cross.*
 - 5) *The Son is seated at the right hand of the Father.*
13. Why is the Father called God more times than the Son or the Spirit are called God?
The Father holds the supreme position within the Godhead.
14. What verse in the Old Testament says, “Hear, O Israel: The LORD our God is one LORD”?
Deuteronomy 6:4
15. How does Genesis 1:26 point to the Trinity?
God is a plurality in a singularity. Elohim is a plural noun, but the verb “said” is singular.
16. How does Genesis 11:6-8 point to the Trinity?
God is spoken of in the singular (“the LORD said...”) and the plural (“let us go down”).
17. How does Deuteronomy 6:4 point to the Trinity?
Elohim is a plural noun, but the word “one” refers to a unity. He is one but exists in plurality.
18. How does Psalm 45:6-7 point to the Trinity?
The Father is declaring His delight in the Son. He is stating His intention to place the Son over the eternal Kingdom of God. The Father addressed Jesus as God because they are both God.
19. What prophecy (book and chapter) did Jesus use to prove to the Jews that the Messiah is not only David’s Son but also His God?
Psalms 110
20. How does Isaiah 6:8 point to the Trinity?
The LORD says unto Himself “who will go for us?”.
21. In what Old Testament verse do we see all three of the members of the Trinity?
Isaiah 48:16
22. What are four Old Testament verses that teach that the Messiah is God?
Psalms 45:6, Psalm 110:1, Isaiah 7:14, Isaiah 9:6, and Micah 5:2

Answer key

23. What are two Old Testament verses that teach that God has a Son?
Psalms 2:7 and Proverbs 30:4
24. How many times does Jesus refer to the Father?
192 times
25. How many times does Jesus refer to the Father as “my Father”?
57 times
26. What two things did Jesus say that made the Jews think that He was claiming to be God?
He said that to see Him is to see the Father, and He said, “I and my Father are one.”
27. What statement in John chapter 1 proves that the Word (the Son) is not created?
“Without him was not any thing made that was made”
28. What is the meaning that the Son “is in the bosom of the Father”?
The Son dwells eternally in the center of the Father’s affection.
29. John 13-14 were spoken where?
In the upper room
30. John 15-17 were spoken where?
As Jesus and His disciples walked through the city and into the Kidron Valley
31. What are two examples in John 17 of Christ speaking as the eternal God?
Jesus said “I am no more in the world” speaking of the future as if it is present; and Jesus said “Father, I will that they also, whom thou hast given me, be with me where I am,” again speaking of being with the Father in glory in the present tense.
32. How is the Trinity described in John 14:16?
Jesus said, “I will the Father...He shall give you another Comforter.”
33. What did Christ mean when He said, “the Father is greater than I”?
Christ is equal to the Father in the sense that He is God, and He is lesser than the Father in the sense that He submits to the Father.
34. How is the Trinity seen in Christ’s resurrection?
Christ was raised up by God the Father, by the Spirit, and by Christ Himself.
35. What is significant about the fact that “name” is singular in Matthew 28:19?
This teaches that there is one God in plurality.
36. In what way did Paul preach the Trinity right after his conversion?
The first thing he preached was that Christ is the Son of God.
37. What are five ways that Paul taught that Jesus is God?
*1) Jesus is “the image of God”
2) Jesus is “the image of the invisible God”
3) Jesus is “the fulness of the Godhead bodily”
4) Jesus is “equal with God”*

Answer key

- 5) *Jesus is the light of the knowledge of the glory of God*
- 6) *Jesus is "God manifest in the flesh"*
- 7) *God was in Christ, reconciling the world unto Himself*
- 8) *God's blood was shed to purchase the church*

38. In what three passages does Paul mention all members of the Trinity?
1 Corinthians 12:4-6, 2 Corinthians 13:14, and Ephesians 4:4-6
39. What are the seven evidences we give for the authenticity of 1 John 5:7?
- 1) *The theological argument*
 - 2) *The grammatical argument*
 - 3) *The argument from the Greek manuscript record*
 - 4) *The argument from the writings of ancient church leaders*
 - 5) *The circumstances of those times*
 - 6) *The argument from its preservation among Bible believers*
 - 7) *The argument from the silence of 1,500 years of church history*

GOD'S SOVEREIGNTY

1. What verse says God sitteth King forever?
Psalms 29:10
2. What verse says that power belongeth unto God?
Psalms 62:11
3. What verse says God's kingdom ruleth over all?
Psalms 103:19
4. What verse says the king's heart is in the hand of the LORD?
Proverbs 21:1
5. What verse says that God changes the times and the seasons and removeth and setteth up kings?
Daniel 2:21
6. What verse says there is no power but of God?
Romans 13:1
7. What are two verses that teach that God is not the author of sin?
Deuteronomy 32:4; Job 8:3; Job 34:10; Job 36:23; Psalms 5:4; Habakkuk 1:13; Romans 3:4; Romans 9:14; 1 Corinthians 10:13; and James 1:13-15
8. What are two verses that say that man can weary God, vex God's Spirit, and resist God's Spirit?
Isaiah 7:13; Isaiah 63:10; and Acts 7:51
9. In what passage (book and chapter) does God say that He has called and men have refused?
Proverbs 1
10. What did Paul say in his sermon in Athens in Acts 17 that teaches that God has given man boundaries in which to exercise his will for or against God?

Answer key

Paul said, "...and hath determined the times before appointed, and the bounds of their habitation; That they should seek the Lord, if haply they might feel after him, and find him, though he be not far from every one of us..."

11. What are two verses that teach that it is God's will for all men to be saved?
1 Timothy 2:3-4
12. What are three verses that promise that whosoever believes in Christ will be saved?
John 3:15,16; John 4:14; John 11:26; John 12:46; Acts 10:43; Romans 9:33; and Romans 10:11
13. What verse says God commands all men everywhere to be repent?
Acts 17:30
14. What verse says God's election is according to foreknowledge?
1 Peter 1:2
15. In what verse did Jesus say "how often would I have gathered thy children together, even as a hen gathereth her chickens under her wings, and ye would not"?
Matthew 23:37

THE HOLY SPIRIT

1. What are five attributes of a person that are spoken of in relation to the Holy Spirit?
 - The Spirit of God can be blasphemed*
 - The Spirit can be grieved*
 - The Spirit can be lied to*
 - The Spirit can be resisted*
 - The Spirit has His own will*
 - The Spirit has His own mind*
 - The Spirit loves*
 - The Spirit speaks*
 - The Spirit makes judgment*
 - The Spirit forbids*
 - The Spirit calls and sends missionaries*
 - The Spirit leads*
 - The Spirit appoints bishops*
 - The Spirit convicts of sin*
 - The Spirit resurrects*
 - The Spirit invites "whosoever will" to take the water of life freely*
 - The Spirit is building the eternal temple composed of redeemed saints*
2. What are four passages (book, chapter, verses) that teach that the Spirit gave the Scriptures?
2 Peter 1:21, 1 Corinthians 2:9-13, John 16:13, and Ephesians 3:5
3. What were five works of the Spirit in Old Testament times?
 - 1) *In Creation*
 - 2) *In convicting men of sin*
 - 3) *In renewing the earth after the Flood*
 - 4) *In anointing prophets and judges*
 - 5) *In stirring pagans to do God's will*

Answer key

- 6) *The Spirit was poured out to those who repented*
- 7) *The Spirit gave practical wisdom to the builders of the tabernacle*
- 8) *The Spirit gave David the plans for the Temple*
4. What were five works of the Spirit in Christ's incarnation?
 - 1) *The Spirit conceived Christ*
 - 2) *The Spirit led Simeon into the Temple to see the baby Jesus*
 - 3) *The Spirit descended upon Jesus at His baptism*
 - 4) *The Spirit filled Jesus for His ministry*
 - 5) *The Spirit led Jesus into the wilderness to be tempted*
 - 6) *The Spirit taught the disciples through Jesus*
 - 7) *The Spirit cast out devils by Jesus*
 - 8) *The Spirit anointed Jesus to preach*
5. What are five works of the Spirit in the book of Acts?
 - 1) *The Spirit baptized the believers on the day of Pentecost*
 - 2) *The Spirit empowered the believers for world evangelism*
 - 3) *The Spirit imparted miraculous tongues on the day of Pentecost*
 - 4) *The Spirit guided and empowered the preaching*
 - 5) *The Spirit spoke to Philip to join the Ethiopian eunuch*
 - 6) *The Spirit caught away Philip after the eunuch's salvation*
 - 7) *The Spirit spoke to Peter about Cornelius*
 - 8) *The Spirit prophesied the famine of Acts 11*
 - 9) *The Spirit did not allow Paul to go to Bithynia*
 - 10) *The Spirit warned Paul about the persecution in Jerusalem*
6. What passage (book and chapter) says the Spirit will reprove the world of sin, righteousness, and judgment?
John 16
7. What is required for the Spirit to do this work?
The preaching of the Gospel
8. What are 10 works of the Spirit in the believer's life?
The Spirit regenerates; seals; dwells in; sanctifies; gives access to the Father; comforts; teaches; leads in prayer; imparts spiritual gifts; conforms the believer to Christ's image; communes with the believer; wars against the flesh; imparts fruit; strengthens the believer in the inner man; sheds love in the heart; mortifies the flesh; leads; gives assurance to; makes intercession for; bears witness to the conscience; imparts righteousness, peace, and joy; enables the believer to maintain his spiritual gifts; empowers the believer for evangelism; calls missionaries; appoints bishops; gives the right reply to persecutors; resurrects; and abides with the believer forever.
9. What are three emblems of the Holy Spirit in Scripture?
Water, fire, wind, oil, rain and dew, a dove, a voice, and a seal
10. What passage in the NT epistles teaches how sinners receive the Spirit?
Ephesians 1:12-14
11. What are the four meanings of the sealing of the Spirit?

Answer key

- 1) *Promise*
- 2) *Security*
- 3) *Ownership*
- 4) *Likeness*

12. Ephesians 5:18 likens being filled with the Spirit to what?
Being drunk with alcohol
13. What three things did Jesus teach about the baptism of the Spirit in Acts 1:4-5?
 - 1) *It is the promise of the Father*
 - 2) *It is what Christ Himself promised*
 - 3) *It would happen "not many days hence"*
14. When did the baptism of the Spirit occur?
On Pentecost
15. What was the predominant method in the book of Acts for receiving the Spirit?
By simply believing on Jesus Christ with no laying on of hands or tongues
16. What verses in the New Testament instruct believers to seek to be baptized with the Holy Spirit?
The New Testament never instructs us to seek this!
17. What verses teach us to pray to the Holy Spirit?
Nowhere are we instructed to pray to the Holy Spirit!
18. The apostle Paul taught us to pray how?
To pray to God the Father through the Lord Jesus Christ by the Holy Spirit
19. What is the baptism with fire that John the Baptist mentioned in Matthew 3:11?
It is a warning of judgment for the unbeliever
20. In what passage (book and chapter) did Paul give the main purpose of tongues speaking?
1 Corinthians 14
21. What was this purpose?
It was a sign to the Jews
22. What prophecy (book and chapter) was fulfilled in tongues speaking?
Isaiah 28
23. What are seven rules for tongues speaking in 1 Corinthians 14?
 - 1) *Tongues were to be spoken only by course, one by one*
 - 2) *Tongues must be interpreted*
 - 3) *There is to be no confusion or lack of peace*
 - 4) *Women are not allowed to speak in tongues*
 - 5) *Those who are truly spiritual will acknowledge Paul's authority*
 - 6) *Everything is to be decent*
 - 7) *Everything is to be orderly*

Answer key

24. What does the first mention of tongues speaking in the NT teach us about this gift?
It was speaking in real languages
25. Which passages in Acts say that people were seeking to speak in tongues?
Never was it sought
26. Which passage (book and chapter) teaches that tongues was the least important spiritual gift?
1 Corinthians 12
27. What is the major NT passage that instructs believers how to speak in tongues?
We are never taught how to speak in tongues
28. How many times were the believers “slain in the Spirit” in the book of Acts?
The instances of believers falling down have no similarity whatsoever with the “spirit slaying” phenomenon

JESUS CHRIST

1. What is the meaning of the name “Jesus” and what is the Hebrew equivalent?
Saviour; Yasa
2. What is the meaning of “Christ” and what is the Hebrew equivalent?
Anointed; Messiah
3. What are five prophecies pertaining to Christ’s birth (list the events rather than the Scripture references)?
His lineage, the time, the place, the miracle virgin birth, the forerunner, the flight to Egypt, the massacre of infants, and dwelling in Nazareth
4. What are five prophecies pertaining to Christ’s life (list the events rather than the Scripture references)?
His preaching, His healing ministry, His wonderful words, His rejection by the Jewish nation, and His entrance into Jerusalem
5. What are five prophecies pertaining to Christ’s death (list the events rather than the Scripture references)?
Betrayed by a friend, forsaken by His disciples, perverted justice, the crucifixion, thirst, vinegar to drink, the words on the cross, the mocking crowd, the people sitting and staring, soldiers casting lots for His garments, His vicarious suffering, no bones broken, and His burial in a rich man’s tomb
6. What prophecy foretold Christ’s resurrection (list the book, chapter, and verse)?
Psalms 16:10
7. What prophecy foretold Christ’s ascension (list the book, chapter, and verse)?
Psalms 110:1
8. What are five things that are said of Jehovah God in the OT that are said of Jesus in the NT?
He is King of kings, Lord of lords, Stone of stumbling, Judge, reigning, Good Shepherd, Only Saviour, Alpha and Omega, Creator, and every knee shall bow

Answer key

9. What two prophecies say the Messiah will be “the mighty God” and “Immanuel”?
Isaiah 7:14 and Isaiah 9:6
10. What are three chapters in the Gospel of John that state that the Jews tried to kill Jesus because He claimed to be God?
John 5, 8, and 10
11. Why could Jesus say, “Before Abraham was, I am”?
Because as an “I AM” profession, He is claiming to be God
12. What verse says, “Thou shalt worship the Lord thy God, and him only shalt thou serve”?
Matthew 4:10
13. Why did Jesus accept worship?
Because Jesus is Almighty God
14. What verse says that every knee shall bow to Jesus?
Philippians 2:10
15. What are five verses in the NT epistles that state that Jesus is God?
Phil. 2:6; Col. 1:15, 2:9; 1 Tim. 1:15-17, 3:16, 6:14-16; Heb. 1:3; Tit. 2:13; and 1 John 3:16
16. Jesus is called “Lord” how many times in the NT?
663 times
17. What are three verses that teach that Christ is eternal?
Isaiah 9:6; Micah 5:2; John 1:1; Colossians 1:17; and 1 John 1:2
18. What is the Hebrew word for “virgin” in Isaiah 7:14?
Almah
19. In what passages is this word clearly used for a woman who is not a virgin?
Nowhere
20. What are 7 ways that the virgin birth is taught in Matthew 1?
 - 1) *The word “begat” is used in the genealogy except of Christ’s birth the term “of whom” is used*
 - 2) *“before they came together”*
 - 3) *“she was found of child of the Holy Ghost”*
 - 4) *“that which is conceived in her is of the Holy Ghost”*
 - 5) *“she shall bring forth a son” as contrasted with John’s birth, “she shall bear thee a son”*
 - 6) *“a virgin shall conceive”*
 - 7) *“and knew her not till she had brought forth her firstborn son”*
21. What are three verses that teach that Christ is sinless?
Hebrews 7:26, 2 Corinthians 5:21, 1 Peter 2:22, 1 John 3:5, Hebrews 4:15, and John 8:46
22. What is the meaning of “son of man” as it applies to Christ?
It describes His identity with mankind and with humanity in His incarnation, death, burial, resurrection, and ascension

Answer key

23. Why is Christ called the Son of David?
Because He is of the Seed of David who has inherited David's throne
24. What was the first purpose of Christ's miracles?
They proved He was the promised Messiah
25. What passages (2 verses) teach this?
John 10:24-25
26. Wine in the Bible is a generic term that can mean what two things?
Alcoholic beverages and non-alcoholic beverages
27. The wine of the Lord's Supper was called what by Christ?
"fruit of the vine"
28. What verse says wine is a mocker?
Proverbs 20:1
29. How do we know that the guests at the wedding in Cana were not drunken when they partook of the wine that Christ made?
Because they could taste the better wine
30. John 2:11 says Christ manifested His glory at the Cana wedding. How does this teach that He did not make men drunk?
Jesus would not have gotten glory from making people drink alcoholic wine.

CHRIST'S RESURRECTION

1. What are three reasons why Christ's resurrection is important?
 - 1) *The Bible's accounts of Jesus claim to be historical, eyewitness accounts*
 - 2) *Christ staked His authority on the Resurrection*
 - 3) *Paul said that the Christian faith depends on Christ's Resurrection*
2. Peter preached at Pentecost that Jesus was risen from the dead and 3,000 Jews believed. How does this provide evidence for the resurrection as an historical fact?
Peter's preaching at Pentecost was only a stone's throw away from the empty tomb itself. Therefore, if anyone could have produced the body or come up with a reasonable explanation for it being missing, they could have.
3. What evidence did Paul use for Christ's resurrection in 1 Corinthians 15?
The resurrected Christ was seen by above 500 witnesses
4. Why is it impossible to believe that the disciples invented the resurrection story?
They would have all suffered and died on the basis of a lie
5. What are the names of three lawyers and judges who published books defending the resurrection as an historical fact?
Simon Greenleaf, Lord Darling, Lord Caldecote, Edmund Hatch Bennett, Irwin Linton, J.N.D. Anderson, and Albert Roper

Answer key

6. What are the names of three men who were converted while trying to refute the Bible?
Gilbert West, George Lyttleton, William Ramsay, Frank Morison, Josh McDowell, Lee Strobel

THE DOCTRINE OF MAN

1. What passage (book and chapter) says that God has put all things on earth under man's feet?
Genesis 1
2. When did God first allow man to eat meat (occasion and book and chapter)?
From the time of Noah in Genesis 9
3. What are six meanings of man being made in the image of God?
 - 1) *Man's intelligence*
 - 2) *Man's creativity*
 - 3) *Man's speech*
 - 4) *Man's moral nature*
 - 5) *Man's spirit*
 - 6) *Man's authority*
4. What man alone is the express image of God and what is the verse that teaches this?
Jesus Christ; Hebrews 1:3
5. Man is not God because he cannot _____.
Accept worship
6. What verse says man is body, soul, and spirit?
1 Thessalonians 5:23
7. What are three meanings of the word "soul" in Scripture?
 - 1) *Biological life in general*
 - 2) *The whole man*
 - 3) *The conscious, immaterial part of man which exists beyond death apart from the body*
8. What are two Old Testament passages (book and chapter) that teach that man's soul departs at death?
Genesis 35 and 1 Kings 17
9. Where was Adam's soul before he was created?
It did not exist. Its beginning was at its creation.
10. What passage (book and chapter) teaches that God forms man's spiritual elements (reins) in the womb?
Psalms 139
11. The soul is particularly associated with man's _____ and _____.
Desires and earthly appetites
12. What are ten of the things the Bible says about the soul's condition and appetites?
It hungers and thirsts, the soul of a man longs for a woman, it loves a friend, it got "discouraged because of the way," it loathed the manna, it can be "anguished," it "dried out," it

Answer key

was "grieved," it can "lust," it "longs for," it can be "sore vexed," it can be "joyful," it can be humbled, it can be "cast down," it can be full of troubles, it can cleave unto the dust, it can melt for heaviness, and it can be imprisoned.

13. What are five things that the Bible says about the soul's relationship with God?

It can thirst for God, it can trust in God, it can wait on God, it can sing to God, it can be lifted up to God, it can delight in God's comforts, it can call upon God, it can wait for God and hope in His Word, it can receive strength from God, and it can be lifted up to God.

14. What are seven meanings of the word "spirit" in Scripture?

1) Man's breath (rarely)

2) Intelligence and skill

3) The emotions

4) Demons

5) Angels

6) The Holy Spirit

7) The immaterial part of man, the inner man which is distinct from the body and which passed into eternity at death

15. What verse says that at death the spirit returns to God who gave it?

Ecclesiastes 12:7

16. What verse says that the body without the spirit is dead?

James 2:26

17. The heart is a term for the center of man's _____, _____, and _____.

Thinking, emotions, and will

18. What verse says of man "as he thinketh in his heart"?

Proverbs 23:7

19. What verse says the heart is the place of "the imagination of the thoughts"?

1 Chronicles 29:18

20. What are five things that man does in his heart?

Man thinks, imagines, understands, deviseth his way, meditates, considers, purposes, takes counsel, reasons, desires, has intents in his heart, and from the heart proceed all the actions and motivations of man.

21. In the Old Testament, the heart is often mentioned together with the _____ to describe the entire inner man.

Soul

22. What verse says the heart is deceitful and desperately wicked?

Jeremiah 17:9

23. In what passage (book and chapter) did Christ describe the evils that are in man's heart?

Matthew 15

24. What is a verse that says God knows the secrets of man's heart?

Answer key

Psalm 44:21, Luke 16:15, Acts 1:24, Acts 15:8

25. What verse says God tries man's heart?

Jeremiah 11:20

26. What verse says the Word of God discerns the thoughts and intents of man's heart?

Hebrews 4:12

27. What verse describes how the heart can be "sprinkled from an evil conscience"?

Hebrews 10:22

28. What verse says, "Thy word have I hid in mine heart, that I might not sin against thee"?

Psalm 119:11

29. What verse says to trust in the Lord with all thine heart?

Proverbs 3:5

30. What verse says wine takes away the heart?

Hosea 4:11

31. What verse says the heart is purified by drawing near to God?

James 4:8

32. The Greek word for "conscience" is a combination of two words that mean what?

"to know" and "with"

33. The conscience does what three things?

Bears witness, convicts, and testifies

34. What passage (book and chapter) describes the conscience as the law of God written in the heart?

Romans 2

35. What verse says the conscience can be purged to serve the living God? How does this happen?

Hebrews 9:14; by faith in the blood of Christ

36. What verse says the believer is to seek to have a conscience void of offence toward God and man?

Acts 24:16

37. What verse says the heart can be seared by hypocrisy?

1 Timothy 4:2

THE DOCTRINE OF SIN

1. What verse says sin is the transgression of the law?

1 John 3:4

2. What verse says all have sinned and come short of the glory of God?

Romans 3:23

Answer key

3. What does this mean?
It is "to be behind, inferior, to lack, to fail" to be what God made man to be
4. What are the verb tenses of "have sinned" and "come short" and what is the significance of these tenses?
"have sinned" is past tense and "come short" is present tense, continuous action
5. What verse says "all we like sheep have gone astray and we have turned every one to his own way"?
Isaiah 53:6
6. How does this verse teach the two aspects of man's sin?
*1) Man's sin in Adam
2) Man's individual sin*
7. What verse says whatsoever is not of faith is sin?
Romans 14:23
8. How did sin enter the universe?
With Satan's pride
9. What verse says "by one man sin entered into the world"?
Romans 5:12
10. What are three verses that teach that all men are sinners?
1 Kings 8:46, Pro. 20:9, Ecc. 7:20, Isa. 53:6, Rom. 3:10, Rom. 3:23, Rom. 5:12, and Eph. 2:3
11. What verse says that before the flood "every imagination of the thoughts of the heart was only evil continually"?
Genesis 6:5
12. What verse says, "I was shapen in iniquity; and in sin did my mother conceive me"?
Psalms 51:5
13. What verse says, "The wicked are estranged from the womb: they go astray as soon as they be born, speaking lies"?
Psalms 58:3
14. What verse says "we are all as an unclean thing, and all our righteousnesses are as filthy rags"?
Isaiah 64:6
15. What passage (book and chapter) describes man's fallen character as "being filled with all unrighteousness, etc."?
Romans 1
16. What passage (book and chapter) describes man's fallen character as none righteous, none understandeth, none that seeketh after God, all gone out of the way, etc.?
Romans 3

Answer key

17. What verse says that in the flesh dwells no good thing?
Romans 7:18
18. What passage (book and chapter) describes man as dead in trespasses and sins?
Ephesians 2
19. What verse describes fallen man as “alienated and enemies in your mind by wicked works”?
Colossians 1:21
20. What is the meaning of Romans 3:11, “there is none that understandeth”?
No man in his natural state understands God or the things of God.
21. What is the meaning in the verse, “there is none that seeketh after God”?
No man in his natural state seeks God
22. What is the main Greek word translated “sin” and what is its basic meaning?
Hamartano meaning to err or miss the mark
23. What are five other Bible words for sin?
Evil, wickedness, iniquity, rebellion, unrighteousness, unholy, ungodly, works of darkness, error, transgression, trespass, and offense
24. The old Adamic nature is called what two things in the New Testament?
The “flesh” and “the old man”
25. What passage (book and chapter) describes the warfare between the flesh and the Spirit?
Galatians 5
26. What verse says if we say we have no sin we deceive ourselves?
1 John 1:8

THE LAW

1. What are six ways the term “law” is used in Scripture?
 - 1) *Law of parents*
 - 2) *Law of civil government*
 - 3) *Law of nature*
 - 4) *Law of Christ*
 - 5) *Law of liberty*
 - 6) *The Bible as a whole is referred to as “the law”*
2. According to Galatians 3:10, what is the two-fold requirement of the law of Moses?
 - 1) *Continual obedience*
 - 2) *Obedience in all things*
3. What are three NT passages (book and chapter) that describe the law of Moses as done away or taken away?
Galatians 3, 2 Corinthians 3, and Colossians 2
4. List the ten commandments of the law of Moses?

Answer key

- 1) *Thou shalt have no other gods before me*
 - 2) *Thou shalt make no graven images*
 - 3) *Thou shalt not take God's name in vain*
 - 4) *Thou shalt keep the sabbath*
 - 5) *Thou shalt honor thy father and mother*
 - 6) *Thou shalt not kill*
 - 7) *Thou shalt not commit adultery*
 - 8) *Thou shalt not steal*
 - 9) *Thou shalt not bear false witness*
 - 10) *Thou shalt not covet that which belongs to others*
5. What is the Hebrew word for "kill" in the ten commandments and by what English words is this Hebrew word translated 30 times?
Rasach; "murder," and "slayer"
 6. In what passage (book and chapter) did Christ liken murder to hatred?
Matthew 5
 7. In what verse did Christ teach that to look on a woman lustfully is to commit adultery?
Matthew 5:28
 8. What are the two major NT passages (book and chapter) that teach the purpose of the law of Moses?
Romans 3 and Galatians 3
 9. How can the law of Moses be used in evangelism?
To show man his lost condition and point him to Christ
 10. What are three lessons from 2 Corinthians 3 about the NT believer's relationship with the law of Moses?
 - 1) *The law of Moses is a law of condemnation and death*
 - 2) *The law of Moses is "done away" for the believer*
 - 3) *The believer is under a new law*
 11. The NT believer's law is called what three things?
The law of Christ, the law of the Spirit, and the law of liberty
 12. What are two verses that teach that the law of Moses contains instruction for the NT believer?
Romans 15:4 and 1 Corinthians 10:1-11
 13. How were men saved during the time of the law of Moses and on what basis?
By faith in God's Word; always on the basis of Christ's blood and death
 14. What passage (book and chapter) teaches that men were saved by faith without works before and under the law of Moses?
Romans 4
 15. What are six common errors or false teachings that pertain to a misuse of the law of Moses?
 - 1) *Justification by the law or works*

Answer key

- 2) *Receiving the Spirit by works*
- 3) *Sanctification by works*
- 4) *Mingling law and grace, faith and works, for salvation or sanctification*
- 5) *Throwing off all morality and law*
- 6) *Bringing the shadows of the Old Testament law into Christianity—sabbath keeping, dietary restrictions, special priesthood, temples, candles, and incense*

THE GOSPEL

1. What is the meaning of the word “gospel”?
“good news”
2. What are five terms in the NT for the gospel?
“the gospel of the grace of God,” “the gospel of Christ,” “the gospel of God,” “the gospel of peace,” “the glorious gospel,” “the gospel of salvation”
3. What verse warns that there are false christs and false gospels?
2 Corinthians 11:3-4
4. What are four passages that teach that salvation is by grace without works (book and chapter)?
Romans 3, Romans 4, Romans 11:6, Ephesians 2, and Titus 3
5. In Romans 1-4 Paul answers what question?
How can a man be righteous before God?
6. What is the subject of Romans 1:18 - 3:20?
All men are condemned sinners before a holy God and there is nothing they can do to save themselves
7. What verse summarizes the teaching of this passage?
Romans 3:9
8. The good news of the gospel begins with what?
The bad news that man is lost apart from Christ the Saviour
9. Why does Paul spend so much time describing man’s sin and God’s holy judgment?
Man has to understand that God is a Judge before he can properly understand that God is a Saviour. He must understand the severity of God before he can properly understand the goodness of God.
10. How is this way of preaching the gospel different from the way that is popular in our day?
It is very different from the positive approach gospel and from the “Quick Prayerism” approach
11. What is the subject of Romans 3:21 - 4:25?
God has provided free salvation through Jesus Christ
12. In this passage, Paul answers what age-old question?
How then can man be justified with God?
13. What is the meaning of Romans 3:21, the righteousness of God is “without the law”?

Answer key

The law is righteous, but it cannot make sinful man righteous; it can only expose his sin.

14. How did the law of Moses and the prophets witness of the gospel?

By types and figures

15. What is the meaning in Romans 3:22 of “by faith of Jesus Christ”?

Saving faith in Christ

16. What is the meaning of “justified”?

To be declared righteous by God

17. What is the meaning of “grace”?

The free, unmerited, undeserved favor of God

18. What is the meaning of “being justified”?

It is both accomplished and continuous. And it is an action done to the one who is justified.

19. What is the meaning of “redemption”?

To purchase with a price

20. What is the meaning of “propitiation”?

To make satisfaction for a debt, to expiate, or to remove

21. What is the meaning of “faith in his blood”?

It is the way of salvation.

22. How does the gospel make it possible for God to “be just, and the justifier of him which believeth in Jesus”?

Because of Christ’s propitiation

23. How does the gospel of the grace of Christ exclude boasting?

Salvation by God’s free grace gives man no room for boasting because God gets all the glory

24. In what way does the gospel of the grace of Christ establish the law?

Jesus satisfied the law’s demands

25. How is the gospel summarized in 1 Corinthians 15:3-4?

“that Christ died for our sins according to the scriptures; And that he was buried, and that he rose again the third day according to the scriptures.”

26. What does Paul mean in 1 Corinthians 15:1 “wherein ye stand”?

Salvation is a new standing before God.

27. What is a major prophecy of Christ’s death (book and chapter), that describes the words He spoke from the cross, the piercing of his hands and feet, etc.?

Psalms 22

28. What prophecy (book and chapter) describes Christ’s vicarious sacrifice, perverted trial, and burial in a rich man’s tomb?

Isaiah 53

Answer key

29. What is the gospel of the kingdom?
The gospel that was proclaimed to Israel at the coming of Christ to announce that the Messianic kingdom was at hand
30. Who preached this gospel?
Jesus and John the Baptist
31. These were a fulfillment of what prophecies?
This was a fulfillment of the Messianic prophecies
32. Why is the gospel of the kingdom not mentioned in Acts or the NT epistles?
It is not the gospel of the church age

REPENTANCE

1. What are two key verses in which Paul described the repentance he preached?
Acts 20:21 and Acts 26:20
2. What are four lessons from these verses?
*1) Both repentance and faith are to be preached.
2) Repentance is toward God, because it is God that man has offended by his sin and rebellion.
3) Repentance is turning to God.
4) Repentance produces works; it has evidence in works.*
3. What is Bruce Lackey's definition of repentance?
"Repentance is a change of mind that results in a change of life."
4. What are the two Greek words for repentance?
Metanoeo and metamelomai
5. What is Vine's definition of the first Greek word?
"To change one's mind or purpose, always, in the NT, involving a change for the better, an amendment"
6. Who are four preachers in the Bible who preached repentance?
John the Baptist, Jesus Christ, The Lord's disciples, Peter, and Paul
7. What is an example in the NT of a man who had remorse but not repentance?
Judas Iscariot
8. What is an example of a man in the OT who acknowledged his sin but did not repent?
King Saul
9. In what verse did Paul say that he preached that men must repent and turn to God and do works meet for repentance?
Acts 26:20
10. What verse says both repentance and faith are necessary for salvation?
Acts 20:21

Answer key

11. In what verse did Christ teach that repentance is part of the message of the Great Commission?
Luke 24:47
12. How is repentance described in 1 Kings 8:47-48?
As acknowledging their wickedness and turning to God with the whole heart
13. How did Job describe his repentance in Job 42:6?
As abhorrence in dust and ashes
14. How does Ezekiel 14:6 define repentance?
Turning from sin and idols
15. What did John the Baptist teach about repentance?
He demanded "fruits meet for repentance" therefore wanting to see evidence
16. In what ways did the men of Nineveh show evidence of their repentance?
They heard the Word of God, believed God, fasted, put on sackcloth, and turned from their sin.
17. Christ mentioned two sons in Matthew 21:28-29, and one repented. What was the evidence?
His obedience
18. In what passage (book and chapter) did Christ twice say that except ye repent, ye shall perish?
Luke 13
19. What was the evidence that Zacchaeus repented?
He gave half of his goods to the poor and restored four-fold that which he had stolen through his tax collecting business.
20. What verse says God commands all men everywhere to repent?
Acts 17:30
21. In what context was this spoken?
Paul preached to the idolatrous people of Athens.
22. In what passage (book and chapter) does Paul teach that repentance has clear evidence, such as indignation, fear, vehement desire, and zeal?
2 Corinthians 7
23. What verse describes salvation as turning to God from idols to serve God?
1 Thessalonians 1:9
24. What verse describes salvation as "coming to repentance"?
2 Peter 3:9

DEATH

1. What is the basic meaning of death?
Separation

Answer key

2. What are the three meanings of death or types of death in the Bible?
1) Spiritual death—separation from God because of sin
2) Physical death—separation of the spirit from the body
3) Eternal death or Second death—the final, eternal separation of the unsaved from God in the lake of fire
3. What are three events in the OT that teach that death is a journey of man's soul?
When Abraham died he was "gathered to his people," when Rachel died, her soul departed from her body, God told Moses that when he died he would be "gathered unto thy people," and the death of the child in 1 Kings 17 described as the departure of his soul from the body.
4. In what passage (book and chapter) did Paul state that death is to be absent from the body and to be present with the Lord?
2 Corinthians 5
5. In what passage (book and chapter) did Paul state that death is to depart and to be with Christ?
Philippians 1
6. In what passage (book and chapter) did Peter state that death is to put off the body?
2 Peter 1
7. What did Jesus promise the thief on the cross who believed?
He said, "Verily I say unto thee, Today shalt thou be with me in paradise."
8. How do we know that Christ's account of the rich man and Lazarus is not a parable?
Because Jesus used proper names
9. In what book and chapter is this account?
Luke 16
10. What happened to the rich man and Lazarus at death?
Lazarus was taken to Abraham's bosom, but the rich man lifted up his eyes in hell being in torments.
11. In what chapter of Revelation do we see the souls of the dead alive in heaven?
Revelation 6
12. How does the account of Jesus' transformation on the mountain prove that the dead are not sleeping in the grave?
Moses and Elijah though dead, were allowed by God to appear in time on that mountain and to converse about events which were soon to take place in Jerusalem.

ETERNAL SECURITY

1. What is eternal security?
The Biblical confidence that the born again believer has eternal salvation in Jesus Christ
2. What are four terms used in the Bible to describe eternal security?
"eternal life," "everlasting consolation," "eternal salvation," "eternal redemption," "eternal inheritance," and "everlasting covenant"

3. Eternal security pertains only to whom?
To those who are born again through repentance and faith in Jesus Christ
4. According to Ephesians 1-2, what are 10 things the believer has in Christ? Don't look at your notes; use the Bible itself to find these things.
All blessings in heavenly places in Christ, holy and without blame, an adopted child, accepted in the beloved, redemption through Christ's blood, the forgiveness of sins, according to the riches of God's grace, being sealed with the Holy Spirit of promise until the redemption of the purchased possession, seated in the heavenly places in Christ, saved by God's grace as a free gift, made nigh by the blood of Christ, etc.
5. What are five of God's promises to the believer that prove he cannot lose his salvation?
 - 1) *The believer has eternal life and will never perish*
 - 2) *The believer will not come into condemnation*
 - 3) *The believer shall be saved from wrath*
 - 4) *The believer is predestinated to be conformed to the image of Christ*
 - 5) *The believer cannot be separated from God's love*
 - 6) *The believer shall be confirmed blameless unto the end*
 - 7) *The believer can be certain that God will complete the work He has begun in him*
 - 8) *The believer shall appear with Christ in glory*
 - 9) *The believer will be delivered from wrath to come*
 - 10) *The believer is not appointed to wrath but to salvation*
 - 11) *The believer has an eternal inheritance reserved in heaven and is kept by God's power*
6. What is the first thing that we must understand in order to understand eternal security?
We must understand that salvation is not of human merit, but is a free gift of grace
7. What is the meaning of salvation by imputation and substitution? How does this teach eternal security?
Salvation is not achieved by what the sinner does or what the sinner is in himself; it is entirely what someone else did for him and puts freely to his account.
8. What does it mean that the believer has a new position in Christ?
He has an eternal position or relationship with God as a child of God.
9. What is the basis of this new position?
Christ and His Atonement
10. What part does the believer have in this new position?
His actions determine his fellowship with Christ
11. What does the value of Christ's blood have to do with eternal security?
If I could lose my salvation it would mean that the price of Christ's blood was not sufficient and that I must add something to it or lose it, but that is not possible
12. What are four reasons why we know that eternal security does not mean that anyone who professes Christ is eternally saved regardless of how they live?
 - 1) *Salvation demands repentance*
 - 2) *Salvation requires the new birth, and the new birth always changes a man's life*

Answer key

3) Salvation is evidenced by perseverance

4) Saving faith always produces works

13. What are five things that happen to the true born again believer when he is disobedient to God?

1) The sinning believer is out of fellowship with the Lord and His people

2) The sinning believer is helped and loved by the Lord Jesus Christ

3) The sinning believer is chastened by the Father

4) The sinning believer loses irreplaceable opportunities for service and fruit

5) The sinning believer will suffer loss and shame at the judgment seat of Christ

RESURRECTION

1. What are five passages (book and chapter) in the OT that describe the bodily resurrection?
Job 19, Daniel 12, Isaiah 26, Psalm 16, Hosea 13

2. What are the four resurrections described in the Bible?

1) The resurrection of Jesus Christ

2) The resurrection of the saints

3) The resurrection of the unsaved dead following the Millennium

4) The spiritual resurrection of salvation

3. When will the resurrection of the church-age saints occur?

At the Rapture

4. In what passage (book and chapter) is this event described?

1 Thessalonians 4

5. When will the Old Testament and Tribulation saints be resurrected?

At Christ's coming in glory to establish His Kingdom

6. In what NT passage (book and chapter) is this described?

Revelation 20

7. When will the unsaved dead be resurrected?

Following the Millennium

8. What passage (book and chapter) describes this?

Revelation 20

9. What is the spiritual resurrection?

When a person is born into God's family by faith in Christ

10. In what passage (book and chapter) after His resurrection did Christ eat fish and a honeycomb to prove that He wasn't a spirit?

Luke 24

11. What passage (book and chapter) warns about "willful ignorance"?

2 Peter 3

12. What verse says whatsoever is not of faith is sin?

Answer key

Romans 14:23

13. What verse says without faith it is impossible to please God?

Hebrews 11:6

14. What verse warns about asking foolish and unlearned questions?

2 Timothy 2:23

15. What passage (book and chapter) says God invites men to seek wisdom from Him but they must “ask in faith”?

James 1

16. What verse says there are “infallible proofs” of Christ’s resurrection?

Acts 1:3

17. How many eyewitnesses saw Christ at one time?

More than 500 at once

18. What passage (book and chapter) teaches this?

1 Corinthians 15

19. According to the Bible, who were the last two men to see the resurrected Christ?

James and the apostle Paul

20. What man who died in AD 99, whose letter we still have, who knew some of the apostles personally, was therefore a direct link to Christ’s resurrection?

Clement of Rome

21. In 1 Corinthians 15, Paul gave what six reasons why Christ’s resurrection is an essential event and a necessary truth?

1) If there is no resurrection, Christ did not rise

2) If there is no resurrection, the apostolic preaching was in vain and they were false witnesses

3) If there is no resurrection, our faith is vain and there is no salvation

4) If there is no resurrection, those who died in Christ have perished

5) If there is no resurrection, our hope for eternal life is vain

6) If there is no resurrection, sacrificial Christian living and ministry is in vain and we should simply get the most pleasure out of this present life

22. What are six characteristics of the resurrection body according to 1 Corinthians 15?

1) An incorruptible body

2) An immortal body

3) A glorious body

4) A powerful body

5) A spiritual body

6) A heavenly body

23. What is the meaning of a glorious body?

It refers to the splendor and majesty of Christ’s kingdom and its magnificent beauty

24. What are four meanings of the resurrection body as “a spiritual body”?

Answer key

- 1) *It is not a body of flesh and blood*
- 2) *The old fleshly nature will be gone*
- 3) *It will not depend on the natural functions of the mortal body or limited by them*
- 4) *A body made to be controlled by the spirit and not limited by or hampered by the soul*

SATAN AND THE DEMONS

1. What are two passages (book and chapter) that describe Satan's fall?
Isaiah 14 and Ezekiel 28
2. What are four lessons about Satan revealed in these passages?
 - 1) *He was the "anointed cherub that covereth" referring to his intimate association with God*
 - 2) *He was "full of wisdom, perfect in beauty"*
 - 3) *He was called Lucifer, son of the morning*
 - 4) *Lucifer became proud and rebelled against God*
3. Why is Satan called "that old serpent"?
He appeared to Eve in the form of a beautiful and clever serpent and deceived her.
4. What are six characteristics of Satan?
 - 1) *He is a liar*
 - 2) *He is a murderer*
 - 3) *He is proud*
 - 4) *He is a deceiver*
 - 5) *He is a thief*
 - 6) *He is a destroyer*
5. What is the meaning of "Satan"?
"adversary"
6. What are 10 other names for Satan in the Bible?
Lucifer, the anointed cherub that covereth, Beelzebub, the devil, the wicked or wicked one, the enemy, prince of this world, god of this world, Belial, prince of the power of the air, the spirit that now worketh in the children of disobedience, ruler of the darkness of this world, the tempter, your adversary, roaring lion, Apollyon, the dragon, that old serpent, and the accuser of the brethren
7. In what verse is Satan called "the god of this world" and why is he called this?
2 Cor. 4:4; because unsaved men have rebelled against the true God and serve the devil
8. What are three passages (book and chapter) that teach that Satan can work miracles?
Matthew 24, 2 Thessalonians 2, Revelation 13, and Revelation 16
9. What verse says Satan blinds the minds of them which believe not?
2 Corinthians 4:4
10. What are three passages (book and chapter) which teach that Satan tempts men to sin?
Genesis 3, Matthew 4, John 13, Acts 5, 1 Corinthians 7, and 1 Timothy 5
11. What verse calls Satan "the spirit that now worketh in the children of disobedience"?
Ephesians 2:2

Answer key

12. What New Testament verse says that when “the Gentiles sacrifice, they sacrifice to devils, and not to God:”?
1 Corinthians 10:20
13. What New Testament verse says that “some shall depart from the faith , giving heed to seducing spirits, and doctrines of devils;”?
1 Timothy 4:1
14. What passage (book and chapter) says Satan transforms into an angel of light and his ministers transform into ministers of righteousness?
2 Corinthians 11:14
15. What verse says Satan is the accuser of the brethren?
Revelation 12:10
16. What passage (book and chapter) says church discipline involves delivering the impenitent to Satan for the destruction of the flesh?
1 Corinthians 5:5
17. What are the three main workings of Satan’s future after Christ Second Coming?
 - 1) He will be bound in the bottomless pit for 1,000 years*
 - 2) He will be released to stir up one final rebellion*
 - 3) He will be cast into the lake of fire where he will be tormented day and night for all eternity*
18. What are four ways that the believer defeats Satan?
 - 1) By faith in Jesus Christ*
 - 2) By the blood of Christ*
 - 3) By resisting steadfast in the faith*
 - 4) By putting on the whole armor of God*
 - 5) By the Word of God*
 - 6) By submitting to God and resisting the devil*
 - 7) By the power of the indwelling Holy Spirit*
 - 8) By continuing in the Word of God*
19. What are “devils”?
The angels which followed Satan in his rebellion
20. What are five characteristics of devils?
 - 1) They are spirit creatures and do not have bodies*
 - 2) They are intelligent and have personality*
 - 3) They have great strength*
 - 4) They are unclean*
 - 5) They are evil*
21. What are two forms of demon practice?
 - 1) Idolatry*
 - 2) Witchcraft, astrology, etc.*

ANGELS

Answer key

1. What is the meaning of the word “angel”?
“messenger”
2. About how many times are good angels mentioned in the Bible?
About 300 times
3. When were the angels created?
Before the world was made
4. What are the two major groups of angels?
Good and evil angels
5. What verse in the NT says angels are spirits?
Hebrews 1:7
6. What is the significance of the fact that angels are spirits?
They therefore do not have physical bodies after the fashion of man and do not have the limitations of a physical body.
7. What kind of angelic creatures have wings?
The seraphims and the cherubims
8. Which passages (book and chapter) describe angels as women or looking like women?
They are always referred to as masculine
9. What verse says angels do not marry?
Matthew 22:30
10. What passage (book and chapter) describes one angel destroying an entire army?
2 Kings 19:35
11. What verse says angels cannot die?
Luke 20:36
12. What are three meanings of angels as “flames of fire”?
 - 1) *They have power over the natural elements*
 - 2) *The appearance of the cherubims*
 - 3) *Their holiness*
 - 4) *They are being of light*
 - 5) *Their activity of judgment*
 - 6) *Their power, force, and energy*
 - 7) *Their flaming zeal*
 - 8) *Their speed to do the will of God*
13. In what passage (book and chapter) does an angel correct a man who tried to worship him?
Revelation 22
14. What NT passage (book and chapter) teaches that man is made a little lower than the angels but will be exalted above them in Christ?
Hebrews 2

Answer key

15. What verse says there is an “innumerable company” of angels?
Hebrews 12:22
16. What verse says angels minister to those who are heirs of salvation?
Hebrews 1:14
17. What verse says the angel of the LORD encampeth round about them that fear him?
Psalms 34:7
18. What are five things that angels did in the Old Testament times?
Angels were at Sinai and participated in the giving of the law; they ministered to Hagar, Lot, Abraham, Jacob, Moses, Israel in the wilderness, Israel in the times of the Judges, Gideon, Samson's parents, Elijah, Shadrach Meshach, Abednego, and Daniel; in Zechariah, God speaks to the angels and comforts them, angels revealed things to the prophets; and angels were involved in warning and judgment.
19. What were four things that angels did in Christ's incarnation?
They appeared to Zacharias to announce the birth of John, to Mary, to Joseph, and to the shepherds, They were commanded by God to worship Christ, they ministered after the temptation in the wilderness, and at Gethsemane, they rolled away the stone at Christ's resurrection, they appeared to the disciples, and appeared at Christ's ascension.
20. What are four things angels did in the book of Acts?
They brought the apostles out of prison, directed Philip to the Ethiopian eunuch, instructed Cornelius to call Peter, brought Peter out of prison, smote Herod for his pride, and helped Paul.
21. What verse says it is possible to entertain angels unawares?
Hebrews 13:2
22. What verse says of children who believe in Jesus that in heaven their angels do always behold the face of the Father?
Matthew 18:10
23. About how many times are angels mentioned in the book of Revelation chapters 5-22?
About 65 times
24. In what passage (book and chapter) did Christ say that angels will witness Christ confessing and denying men on the basis of their confessions or denials?
Luke 12
25. What verse says the angels desire to look into the things that are revealed to the churches?
1 Peter 1:12
26. What passage (book and chapter) teaches that women should have a sign of submission on their heads “because of the angels”?
1 Corinthians 11:10
27. What are the names of two archangels?
Gabriel and Michael

Answer key

28. About how many times are cherubims mentioned in the Bible?
145 times
29. What is the singular of cherubims?
Cherub
30. What are the four times that cherubims appear in Scripture (list the event rather than the Scripture passage)?
*1) They guarded the tree of life
2) They were figures on the ark in the Tabernacle and in Solomon's Temple
3) Lucifer was the anointed cherub that covereth
4) They were seen by Ezekiel*
31. What passage (book and chapter) describes cherubims in much detail?
Ezekiel 1
32. How many and what type of faces do they have?
Four faces—like a man's, like an ox's, like a lion's, and like an eagle's
33. How many wings do they have?
They have four wings
34. What did Ezekiel see above the cherubims?
A firmament or expanse or platform, and on that expanse is God's throne
35. What verse speaks of "the chariot of the cherubims"?
1 Chronicles 28:18
36. What passage (book and chapter) describes the seraphims?
Isaiah 6
37. What are the angels of the churches in Revelation 2-3?
The elders or appointed representatives of the seven churches

HELL

1. What verse says hell was created for Satan and his angels?
Matthew 25:41
2. What is the Hebrew word translated "hell" in the Old Testament?
Sheol
3. What are the two meanings of "hell" in the Old Testament?
*1) The place where the bodies of the dead are laid
2) The place where departed spirits go*
4. What are eight teachings about hell in Luke 16?
It is a place of torment, a place of consciousness, a place of fire, a place of no comfort or help or mercy, a place of unfulfilled desires and unanswered prayers, a place of isolation, a place without hope of escape, a place of remembrance and regret, a place of punishment, a place of

Answer key

wailing and gnashing of teeth, a place of worms, a place of banishment, and a place of outer darkness.

5. What are four passages (book and chapter) that teach that the suffering in hell and the lake of fire is eternal?

Matthew 25, Mark 9, Revelation 14, and Revelation 20

HEAVEN

1. What is the Hebrew word and the Greek word for heaven?

Samayim and Ouranos

2. What are the three meanings of heaven in the Bible?

1) The cloudy heaven

2) The starry heaven

3) God's habitation

3. What is the meaning of "heavenly places"?

A realm consisting of multiple places

4. What are four other Bible names for heaven?

Third heaven, paradise, glory, the highest, the Father's house, heavenly places, city of the living God, and Heavenly Jerusalem

5. According to Hebrews 12, who lives in heaven?

The living God, Jesus Christ, angels innumerable, the general assembly and church of the firstborn, and the spirits of just men made perfect

6. What are five things that the believer has in heaven?

His Father, his name, his mansion, his hope, his Master, his "better and enduring substance," the blood of the new covenant, and his inheritance

7. What verse speaks of Solomon in all his glory?

Matthew 6:29

8. What are four things that the Lord Jesus is doing in heaven?

Enjoying the Father, overseeing the work of world evangelism, preparing a place for believers, interceding for believers, waiting for His second coming, and overseeing the churches

9. What are five things that believers are doing in heaven?

Praising the Lord and talking about the Lord, rejoicing over people being saved on earth, being comforted, enjoying paradise, observing Jesus' eternal glory, learning things that are not lawful to hear on earth, waiting for their resurrection bodies, praising God, waiting for the completion of God's plans, serving the Lord, and resting from their earthly labors

10. What are six things that should characterize the believer's attitude toward and relationship with heaven?

1) We should be certain of heaven

2) We should lay up treasures in heaven

3) We should set our affection on heaven

4) We should live holy lives fit for heaven

Answer key

5) We should act like citizens of heaven and pilgrims on earth

6) We should be aware of heaven in our daily lives

11. What are two reasons why we know that we will be known in heaven?

Our names are recorded in heaven, and we will be known by our names; Moses and Elijah were known by Peter even though he had never seen them before; the rich man recognized Lazarus and Abraham; the disciples recognized Jesus after His resurrection, except when their eyes were kept from recognizing Him; and our recognition will be perfect in heaven. It is not reasonable to think that we will know less there than on earth.

12. What is a New Testament passage (book and chapter) that says the Christian is a citizen of heaven?

Hebrews 11 and Philippians 3