

Answer key

Name: _____

Date: _____

Grade: _____

The History and Heritage of Fundamentalism and Fundamental Baptists

Test 3

1.75 points per question

Metropolitan Tabernacle—The BBFI

Short Answer

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|---|---|
| <u>20 years old</u> | 1. At what age did Charles Spurgeon first become a pastor? |
| <u>Preaching the Gospel to sinners</u> | 2. John Gill was such a hyper-Calvinist that he did not believe in doing what? |
| <u>Baptism by immersion</u> | 3. What mode of baptism did Spurgeon practice? |
| <u>A regenerate church membership</u> | 4. Spurgeon believed very strongly in what kind of church membership? |
| <u>That it is unlimited</u> | 5. What did the General Baptists believe about Christ's atonement? |
| <u>Treason</u> | 6. Spurgeon said in <i>The Sword and Trowel</i> "To pursue union at the expense of truth is _____ to the Lord Jesus." |
| <u>Southern France</u> | 7. Where did Spurgeon die on January 31, 1892? |
| <u>Thomas Medhurst</u> | 8. Who was the first student of the Pastors' College? |
| <u>Sell your shirts and buy books</u> | 9. Spurgeon exhorted his students to "Sell your _____ and buy _____." |
| <u>Thomas Spurgeon</u>
<u>(A.T. Pierson was pulpit supply)</u> | 10. Who was the pastor of Metropolitan Tabernacle following Charles Spurgeon? |
| <u>Dr. Peter Masters</u> | 11. Who is the pastor of Metropolitan Tabernacle today? |
| <u>Roger Williams</u> | 12. The first Baptist church in America was established in 1638 by whom? |

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| <u>Full religious liberty</u> | 13. What did the Baptists desire above all? |
| <u>Slaveholders being appointed as missionaries</u> | 14. Over what issue did the Southern and Northern Baptists split in 1845? |
| <u>John Straton</u> | 15. What Fundamental Baptist pastor of New York City rightly called Fosdick “a religious outlaw—the Jesse James of the theological world.” |
| <u>William Bell Riley</u> | 16. Who was the most prominent leader of fundamental Baptists in the North? |
| <u>Pragmatic</u> | 17. The battle against apostasy was fought by _____ thinking rather than the Word of God. |
| <u>A denomination or strong association</u> | 18. Like other large fundamental Baptist schools, Northwestern Bible and Missionary Training School operated nearly like what? |
| <u>Billy Graham</u> | 19. W.B. Riley chose who to succeed him as president of the Northwestern schools? |
| <u>The Baptist Bible Union</u> | 20. What was founded in 1923 by W.B. Riley, T.T. Shields, and J. Frank Norris? |
| <u>T.T. Shields</u> | 21. Which of its three founding leaders was amillennialist? |
| <u>The General Association of Regular Baptist Churches</u> | 22. In 1932, the Baptist Bible Union morphed with what other organization? |
| <u>Dispensationalism and Pre-tribulation theology</u> | 23. One of the ways that New Evangelicalism showed itself was in the rejection of what two doctrines? |
| <u>Richard Clearwaters and B. Myron Cedarholm</u> | 24. Who were the two fundamental Baptist leaders in Minnesota who had a wide influence after Riley’s death? |
| <u>Worship</u> | 25. In 1956 when Clearwaters founded Central Baptist Theological Seminary he wisely said, “We use the mind here, but we do not _____ it.” |

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<u>Monroe Parker</u>	26. Who was the first president of Pillsbury Conservative Baptist Bible College which was co-founded by Clearwaters?
<u>Myron Cedarholm</u>	27. Who then became the next president?
<u>Maranatha Baptist Bible College</u>	28. In 1968 what college did Cedarholm found?
<u>Dispensationalism</u>	29. James Singleton who was prominent in the FBF's change of spirit and direction criticized the "pessimism" of what?
<u>Bob Jones University</u>	30. The FBF lapsed into a pro-New Evangelical entity with who leading the way?
<u>Spurgeon</u>	31. T.T. Shields was called the Canadian _____.
<u>Silence</u>	32. What in the face of error is a loud statement?
<u>Robert Ketcham</u>	33. Who was a prominent leader in the General Association of Regular Baptist Churches serving as president from 1934-1937?
<u>Ernest Pickering</u>	34. Who was a very prominent preacher in the GARBC in the 1960s-1980s?
<u>Message or Fellowship</u>	35. David Nettleton said, "Today we are choosing between two alternatives: A limited _____ or a limited _____."
<u>Liberals</u>	36. Oliver Van Osdel said that who "masquerade as friends, when they are the most deadly foes"?
<u>Its interdenominationalism</u>	37. Osdel was opposed to what aspect of Fundamentalism?
<u>The New International Version</u>	38. What was the first Bible version to really challenge the King James Version in popularity?
<u>It weakens the churches</u>	39. Building formal networks and apparatus outside the church always does what to the churches?
<u>The Baptist Bible Fellowship</u>	40. What is the largest surviving portion of J. Frank Norris's ministry?

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<u><i>The Sword of the Lord</i></u>	41. Rare was the fundamental Baptist church of earlier days that was not influenced by what publication?
<u><i>Revival</i></u>	42. Norris said, "There can be no _____ in a church that is run and dominated by the worldly element.
<u><i>On hell</i></u>	43. In San Antonio he preached an entire week on what subject before giving an invitation?
<u><i>Louis Entzminger</i></u>	44. Who did Norris hire in 1913 in order to build the world's largest Sunday School?
<u><i>Numbers</i></u>	45. The focus was unfortunately on what rather than on spiritual and Biblical depth?
<u><i>Temple Baptist Church</i></u>	46. What church in Michigan did J. Frank Norris pastor along with First Baptist Church of Fort Worth?
<u><i>G.B. Vick</i></u>	47. Who did he appoint to be the General Superintendent of this church?
<u><i>An ant</i></u>	48. Norris said that shallow gospel preaching that just aimed for decisions "did not have enough gospel to save an _____."
<u><i>President Harry Truman</i></u>	49. In October 1947, Norris had a role in helping convince what U.S. President to support the new nation of Israel?
<u><i>The General Association of Regular Baptist Churches</i></u>	50. Norris broke with what group in the 1930s?
<u><i>Baptist Bible Fellowship International and Baptist Bible College</i></u>	51. What two organizations were formed from G.B. Vick and Norris splitting?
<u><i>Promotionalism</i></u>	52. Norris was a pioneer in using what to get crowds of lost people?
<u><i>Big-manism</i></u>	53. Norris was a father of what grave error that spread widely among fundamental Baptists?
<u><i>G.B. Vick and Noel Smith</i></u>	54. Who were the two most prominent leaders of the founding of the Baptist Bible Fellowship International (BBFI) in 1950?
<u><i>Springfield, Missouri</i></u>	55. Where were their headquarters?

Answer key

*The Baptist Bible**Fellowship International*

56. What was the first group of fundamental Baptists to reject biblical separatism and to go in an openly contemporary direction?

High Street Baptist Church

57. What was the “flagship” church of the BBFI?