

Answer key

Name: _____

Date: _____

Grade: _____

Highlights in Church History

1.52 points per question

Test 1

Introduction—Islam

Short Answer

*To make a choice; it is a willful
choosing of false doctrine, a willful
alignment with error*

The completed Scriptures

2 Timothy 3:16-17

*It is able to make the man of God
perfect; therefore, it is sufficient
and has everything we need*

Matthew 13

It is the course of the church age

*The rejection of the principle of
“Scripture alone”*

The church

*Pastors becoming lords over
God’s flock*

1 Peter 5:3

“To conquer the people”

In AD 1054

1. What is the meaning of “heretick” in Titus 3:10?
2. What is the foundation of the church?
3. What New Testament passage (two verses) teaches that all Scripture is given by inspiration of God and is profitable?
4. How does this passage teach that the Bible is the sole authority for faith and practice?
5. What book and chapter contains Christ’s teaching about the mystery of the kingdom?
6. What is the mystery of the kingdom?
7. What is the foundational error of the Roman Catholic Church?
8. Augustine exalted the authority of _____ over that of the Bible.
9. What was the first step in the corruption of church government?
10. What New Testament verse forbids this practice?
11. What does *Nicolaitan* mean?
12. In what year did the church of Rome and the church of Constantinople finally break?

Answer key

<u>Innocent I who ruled 402-417</u>	13. Who was the first church leader to proclaim Rome's supremacy over all churches, and what years did he rule?
<u>Arianism</u>	14. What was the heresy discussed at the First Council of Nicaea?
<u>1 Peter 2</u>	15. In what book and chapter does Peter teach that all believers are priests?
<u>Baptism, confirmation, the mass, penance, anointing of the sick, marriage, and holy orders (ordination of priests)</u>	16. What are Rome's seven sacraments?
<u>Santa Maria Maggiore (Saint Mary Major) built about 435</u>	17. What is the name of the main church of Mary in Rome and when was it built?
<u>The "host"</u>	18. The consecrated wafer of the mass is called what?
<u>As Christ</u>	19. This wafer is worshiped as what?
<u>Hebrews 10:10</u>	20. What verse says that we are sanctified through the offering of the body of Christ once for all?
<u>It is one who is set apart for God</u>	21. What is the meaning of the word "saint" in the New Testament?
<u>A place of purging or purifying</u>	22. What does the word "purgatory" mean?
<u>Mary</u>	23. The rosary is largely a prayer to whom?
<u>Christ's mass</u>	24. What does "Christmas" mean?
<u>Saturnalia</u>	25. It is based on what pagan Roman festival?
<u>Replacement Theology</u>	26. What is the false doctrine from the allegorical method of interpretation that teaches that the church is the new Israel (or that the church has replaced Israel)?
<u>Origin</u>	27. Joseph Milner accurately said that "no one had injured the church more than _____."
<u>Infant baptism</u>	28. Augustine stated that those who reject what are "infidels" and "cursed"?

Answer key

<u>1) That she was sinless</u>	
<u>2) That she should be worshiped</u>	
<u>3) That she plays a vital role in salvation</u>	29. What are three heresies that Augustine believed about Mary?
<u>In AD 800</u>	30. What year did the Holy Roman Empire begin?
<u>Charlemagne (Charles the Great)</u>	31. Who was the first emperor of the Holy Roman Empire?
<u>Pope Leo III</u>	32. What pope crowned him “emperor of the Romans”?
<u>Charles V in the 16th century</u>	33. The Holy Roman Empire reached its zenith in territory under what emperor in what century?
<u>Northern Germany</u>	34. The Saxons lived in what region?
<u>Fathers</u>	35. With the increase of Roman Catholic monasticism, the prominent ascetics were called “the desert _____”?
<u>Origin, Jerome, Basil, Augustine, and Chrysostom</u>	36. Who are five “church fathers” who promoted monasticism?
<u>Its false gospel of salvation by works and sacraments</u>	37. What is the first error of Catholic monasticism?
<u>Galatians 3</u>	38. In what passage (book and chapter) did Paul teach that the believer is perfected by the Spirit and not by the flesh?
<u>1 Corinthians 7</u>	39. In what book and chapter did Paul teach that both marriage and non-marriage are acceptable before God?
<u>1 Corinthians 7</u>	40. What book and chapter forbids married people to live separately from one another?
<u>In 1215</u>	41. In what year did Rome first make a law against translating the Bible into the languages of the people?
<u>Pope Innocent III</u>	42. What pope made this law?
<u>The Council of Toulouse</u>	43. What council in the 13 th century made a law against reading the Bible without Rome’s permission?

Answer key

<u>The 16th century</u>	44. The Council of Trent was held in what century?
<u>1450</u>	45. When was printing by movable type invented?
<u>1525</u>	46. In what year did William Tyndale publish his New Testament translation from the Greek?
<u>The 6th and 7th centuries</u>	47. In what centuries did Muhammad live?
<u>"One who surrenders himself to Allah"</u>	48. What does "Muslim" mean?
<u>Surrender</u>	49. What does "Islam" mean?
<u>The Dome of the Rock</u>	50. Today, what marks the location of Muhammad's supposed al-Isra (or Night Journey)?
<u>Collections of Muhammad's sayings gathered from his disciples</u>	51. What is the Hadith?
<u>Ishmael rather than Isaac</u>	52. According to the Quran, who did God tell Abraham to offer on Mt. Moriah?
<u>Al-ilah or Allah</u>	53. Who was the chief god of Muhammad's tribe before he created the Muslim religion?
1) Faith 2) Prayers 3) Almsgiving 4) Fasting 5) Pilgrimage	54. What are the Five Pillars of Islam?
<u>1948</u>	55. What year did the Jews announce the new state of Israel?
<u>1967</u>	56. What year was the Six-day War?
<u>1973</u>	57. What year was the Yom Kippur War?
<u>Sharia Law</u>	58. What is the name of Muslim law?
<u>To conquer the world for Allah</u>	59. What is the goal of Islam?
<u>Muhammad's third wife</u>	60. Who was Aisha?
<u>He was married to Muhammad's favorite daughter Fatimah</u>	61. Who was Ali Ibn Abi Talib?
<u>The Shiites and Sunnis</u>	62. What are the two major groups of Muslims?

Answer key

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| <u><i>The Shiites</i></u> | 63. Which one of these groups is named after Ali Ibn Abi Talib? |
| <u><i>The Sunnis</i></u> | 64. Which one of these groups has produced most of the modern terrorists? |
| <u><i>Charles Martel</i></u> | 65. What was the name of the man who stopped the Muslims from conquering Europe from the west? |
| <u><i>The Ottoman Empire</i></u> | 66. What was the name of the Muslim empire that ruled the territory of Anatolia and much of Mesopotamia from 1299 to 1922? |